

Wellbeing Policy Development Panel

Agenda

Members of the Panel

Cllr S M Prutton (Chairman)	Cllr L H Hemsall
Cllr M L Murrell (Vice-Chairman)	Cllr J A Neesam
Cllr A D Crotch	Cllr C E Ryman-Tubb
Cllr R R Foulger	Cllr N C Shaw
Cllr N J Harpley	Cllr L A Starling

Cllr F Whymark (ex-officio)

Date & Time:

Wednesday 6 October 2021 at 6pm

Place:

Council Chamber, Thorpe Lodge, 1 Yarmouth Road, Thorpe St Andrew, Norwich, NR7 0DU

Contact:

Leah Arthurton tel (01508) 533610 Email: committee.services@broadland.gov.uk

Website: www.broadland.gov.uk

PUBLIC ATTENDANCE:

If a member of the public would like to observe the meeting in person or to speak on an agenda item, please email your request to committee.services@broadland.gov.uk, no later than 5.00pm Friday 1 October 2021. Please see further guidance on the options for public speaking at page 2 of this agenda.

Large print version can be made available

If you have any special requirements in order to attend this meeting, please let us know in advance.

Rules on Public Speaking

All public speakers are required to register a request to speak at public meetings by the date / time stipulated on the relevant agenda. Requests should be sent to:
committee.services@broadland.gov.uk

Public speaking can take place:

- Through a written representation (which will be read out at the meeting)
- In person at the Council offices

Please note that the Council cannot guarantee the number of places available for public attendance, but we will endeavour to meet all requests.

All those attending the meeting in person are invited to sign in on the QR code for the building and promptly arrive at, and leave the venue. Hand sanitiser are provided, and you are invited to observe social distancing. Further guidance on what to do on arrival will follow once your request to attend or speak has been accepted.

AGENDA

1. **To receive declarations of interest from members;**
(guidance and flow chart attached – page 4)
2. **To report apologies for absence and to identify substitute members;**
3. **To confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 12 May 2021;**
(minutes attached – page 6)
4. **Matters arising from the minutes;**
5. **Broadland District Council Mobile Homes Fees Policy;**
(attached page 10)
6. **Independent Living Assistance Policy;**
(attached page 25)
7. **Work Programme;**
(attached page 69)

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST AT MEETINGS

When declaring an interest at a meeting Members are asked to indicate whether their interest in the matter is pecuniary, or if the matter relates to, or affects a pecuniary interest they have, or if it is another type of interest. Members are required to identify the nature of the interest and the agenda item to which it relates. In the case of other interests, the member may speak and vote. If it is a pecuniary interest, the member must withdraw from the meeting when it is discussed. If it affects or relates to a pecuniary interest the member has, they have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public but must then withdraw from the meeting. Members are also requested when appropriate to make any declarations under the Code of Practice on Planning and Judicial matters.

<p>Have you declared the interest in the register of interests as a pecuniary interest? If Yes, you will need to withdraw from the room when it is discussed.</p>
<p>Does the interest directly:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. affect yours, or your spouse / partner's financial position? 2. relate to the determining of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration in relation to you or your spouse / partner? 3. Relate to a contract you, or your spouse / partner have with the Council 4. Affect land you or your spouse / partner own 5. Affect a company that you or your partner own, or have a shareholding in <p>If the answer is "yes" to any of the above, it is likely to be pecuniary.</p> <p>Please refer to the guidance given on declaring pecuniary interests in the register of interest forms. If you have a pecuniary interest, you will need to inform the meeting and then withdraw from the room when it is discussed. If it has not been previously declared, you will also need to notify the Monitoring Officer within 28 days.</p>
<p>Does the interest indirectly affect or relate any pecuniary interest you have already declared, or an interest you have identified at 1-5 above?</p> <p>If yes, you need to inform the meeting. When it is discussed, you will have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public, but you should not partake in general discussion or vote.</p>
<p>Is the interest not related to any of the above? If so, it is likely to be an other interest. You will need to declare the interest, but may participate in discussion and voting on the item.</p>
<p>Have you made any statements or undertaken any actions that would indicate that you have a closed mind on a matter under discussion? If so, you may be predetermined on the issue; you will need to inform the meeting, and when it is discussed, you will have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public, but must then withdraw from the meeting.</p>

**FOR GUIDANCE REFER TO THE FLOWCHART OVERLEAF.
PLEASE REFER ANY QUERIES TO THE MONITORING OFFICER IN THE FIRST
INSTANCE**

DECLARING INTERESTS FLOWCHART – QUESTIONS TO ASK YOURSELF



WELLBEING POLICY DEVELOPMENT PANEL

Minutes of a meeting of the Wellbeing Policy Development Panel of Broadland District Council, held on Wednesday 12 May 2021 at 6pm at Thorpe Lodge, 1 Yarmouth Road, Thorpe St Andrew, Norwich.

Committee Members Present: Councillors: M Murrell (Chairman), A Crotch, J Neesam, S Prutton, L Starling

Other Members present: Councillor F Whymark (ex officio)

Officers in Attendance: The Assistant Director of Individuals and Families (M Pursehouse), the Policy and Partnerships Officer (V Parsons), the Housing Standards Senior Manager (K Philcox) and the Committee Officers (DM and LA)

39 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST UNDER PROCEDURAL RULE NO 8

No declarations of interest were made.

40 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors R Foulger and N Shaw.

41 MINUTES

The minutes of the Wellbeing Panel meeting held on 3 February 2021 were confirmed as a correct record.

42 EMPTY HOMES ENFORCEMENT POLICY

Members considered the report of the Policy and Partnerships Officer setting out options for the Council's position and prioritisation in relation to discretionary enforcement activity for empty homes within the housing standards team. This included a proposed direction for members to consider and recommend to Cabinet which would inform a draft Empty Homes and Houses in Multiple Occupation Discretionary Activity and Enforcement Policy to be presented to Cabinet for approval.

The Assistant Director of Individuals and Families reminded members that the proposals had been considered by the Panel at its informal meeting on 14 April 2021 and the comments made at that meeting were now reflected in the updated report now being considered. The issue of the enforcement approach relating to empty homes was a challenging one and there was a need to ensure the approach adopted had regard to public expectations/member expectations and the complexities of enforcement activity. Going forward with a Policy would require a clear set of criteria to enable expectations to be managed.

The Policy and Partnerships Officer drew attention to the key areas for members' consideration: the proposed model to tackle empty homes, the changes to best practice guidance, the criteria for action assessment and the approval process to commence Compulsory Purchase Orders (CPO) or Empty Dwelling Management Orders (EDMO). With regard to the number of empty homes, Broadland currently had one of the lowest number of empty homes in the County and was well below the England average with 0.6% of all properties empty putting it in the top 15% in the Country. Most empty properties in the district tended to be detached, rural 3 / 4 bed properties. The Policy and Partnerships Officer outlined the main reasons properties became empty including financial difficulties associated with the upkeep of a property, poor market price, difficulties identifying owners, planning restrictions and an unwillingness to sell/let or inhabit a property. She then went on to outline the options for tackling empty homes which included engagement with owners, utilising other legislation, EDMOs and CPOs. With regard to the use of CPOs, she drew attention to the changes in best practice guidance which recommended that Council's should make at least one voluntary offer of purchase before resorting to a CPO.

The Housing Standards Senior Manager gave examples of two empty home case studies involving a successful outcome and an unsuccessful outcome to demonstrate the complexities of the process. There was no "typical" empty house and each property had a unique set of complex circumstances. It was noted that even in the unsuccessful case study referred to, the property had eventually been brought back into use and this was the case with most properties; intervention by the Council sought to speed up this process and avoid a property being empty and causing a nuisance for a number of years pending it being dealt with privately.

The Policy and Partnerships Officer then outlined the proposed approach to responding to reports of empty homes and to the proposal to adopt an enforcement approach based on exploring approximately 2 cases per year with a 0.65 fte staff resource (24 hours per week across both districts) dedicated to the work. These included offering an online facility to report empty properties and carry out a high level assessment, offering advice, guidance and support to owners, provision of financial assistance and council tax banding checks, followed by use of a comprehensive criteria for action assessment to prioritise properties for enforcement, a financial assessment for those properties with a score in excess of 700 points and delegated

authority to approve the commencement of enforcement work and costs up to a set value. There was also a proposal to provide ward members with quarterly data on properties empty for longer than 2 years.

The Housing Standards Senior Manager then took members through the propose criteria for action assessment form which used a number of factors to “score” a property. A score of over 700 points would culminate in the initiation of action to seek delegated authority to move forward with a financial assessment of enforcement action. The whole process was accountable, complied with Policy and could be used in response to any appeals to demonstrate a considered approach to enforcement action. Two levels of delegated authority were being proposed, one for properties valued up to £350k with costs up to £25k to bring the property back into use and one for those valued over £350k and with costs likely to be over £25k.

In summary, officers were seeking to ensure there was a robust process in place for tackling empty properties in the district which was clear and transparent and embedded within was a supportive approach for owners. It also needed to provide for a muscular approach to enforcement when required and provide clear approval mechanisms and consistency when exploring CPO and EDMO processes including costs. It needed to form an evidence base for formal enforcement and needed to link to the wider strategic ambitions of the Council.

Officers then answered questions from members. With regard to the EDMOs, it was noted that properties were often not in a fit state for rent. The option was available to owners to apply for a £4k interest free loan to improve the property which would remain as a charge on the property until its sale. It was noted that the best practice example introduced by Breckland Council in 2019 had seen approximately 4/5 restore grants of £10k taken up and the scheme was due for review. Members noted that, typically, approximately 2/3 enforcement cases were progressed each year with each case taking on average 12 months from start to conclusion. It was noted that, where possible, support was given to owners, including signposting to other services if needed.

There was general support for the proposals and an acknowledgement that, whilst there were risks associated with the enforcement process and the costs involved, ultimately these risks were mitigated by the acquisition of an asset. Members felt there was sufficient justification to proceed with an enforcement policy as proposed but they were of the view that the property values referred to in the delegated authority sought would better reflect current average property values if they were reduced from £350k to £250k. Members also sought confirmation that the sums referred to were in accordance with the constitution and officers undertook to ensure this was the case.

It was then agreed to support the recommendations contained in the report subject to the property values referred to being reduced from £350k to £250K.

RESOLVED that

1. The Panel notes the options contained within the report;
2. The Panel endorses and **recommends to Cabinet** adoption of the suggested resource and activity model for the Council's approach to discretionary enforcement activity in relation to empty homes to inform a draft Empty Homes and Houses in Multiple Occupation Discretionary Activity and Enforcement Policy;
3. The Panel endorses and **recommends to Cabinet** the proposal that delegated authority is approved for the Assistant Director for Individuals and Families in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Housing and Wellbeing to authorise costs for Compulsory Purchase Order(CPO) and Empty Dwelling Management Orders(EDMO) where assessment indicates, for:
 - Commencement of a CPO process, including a voluntary offer of purchase for properties valued up to £250,000
 - A total capital budget of up to £25,000 per property to bring back into use (a maximum of £50,000 per year for the Council).
4. The Panel endorses and **recommends to Cabinet** the proposal that where assessment indicates that:
 - Evaluation of property price exceeds £250,000 and/or
 - Capital budget to bring a property back into use exceeds £25,000,delegated authority is approved for the Assistant Director for Individuals and Families in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Housing and Wellbeing and the Portfolio Holder for Finance to assess and authorise a Compulsory Purchase Order or Empty Dwelling Management Order process.

(The meeting concluded at 7:05pm)

Chairman

Agenda Item: 5
Wellbeing Policy Development Panel
6 October 2021

Broadland District Council Mobile Homes Fees Policy

Report Author(s): Kevin Philcox
Housings Standards Senior Manager
01603 430578
Kevin.philcox@broadland.gov.uk

Portfolio: Housing and Wellbeing

Ward(s) Affected: All

Purpose of the Report:

New regulations, The Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020 provide certain duties and powers for the local authority. This report provides a background and procedure for the council to implement the regulations and recover costs.

Recommendations:

to recommend to Cabinet:

- a. The inclusion of the enforcement of new regulations as part of the Housing Standards responsibility.
- b. Approval of the fee's structure detailed in the revised Mobile Homes Fees Policy.
- c. Delegate authority to the Senior Housing Standards Manager to approve Fit and Proper Person applications

1. Summary

- 1.1 New regulations, (The Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020), introduce an offence for a protected site to operate unless the Council is satisfied that the occupier or the appointed site manager is a fit and proper person to manage the site. The regulations require a comprehensive application procedure. The new regulations provide an opportunity for local authorities to recover costs of this procedure using a fee structure as detailed in the MHCLG document 'Mobile Homes: a guide for local authorities on setting fees for the fit and proper person test'.

2. Background

- 2.1 The Housing Standards team currently administers a Mobile Homes Procedure including the application processes of site licences and site inspections. A procedure, approved by Cabinet on 1st July 2014, introduced a Mobile Homes Fee Policy to charge a fee for these service and recover costs.
- 2.2 New regulations the Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020 require that a person managing a residential caravan site must be a fit and proper person to do so. The regulations commence in two parts with certain powers and obligations initiated on the 1st July 2021 with the completion and legal duties commencing on the 1st October 2021.
- 2.3 The new Regulations only affects relevant protect sites as for the procedures in the Mobile Homes Act 2013. Protected sites are those where residents have certain rights regarding occupancy and rents as detailed in the 1983 Mobile Homes Act. Private family residential site and holiday site are not included in the requirement.
- 2.4 The new process requires that the site operator will need to apply to the Council to be included in a new register of fit and proper persons. If the site operator has appointed a site manager to manage the site, they could apply for that person (rather than themselves) to be assessed as fit and proper.
- 2.5 The fit and proper test includes a determination of whether the relevant person can secure the proper management of the site, including compliance with the site licence and the long-term maintenance of the site.
- 2.6 The council will also need to consider other legal requirements in the determination of whether a person is fit and proper, including prescribed committed offences, rights to work, membership of any redress scheme and rejected applications from other authorities.
- 2.7 If a site operator or their appointed site manager fails to meet the fit and proper test, the site operator will have a limited grace period in which to submit another application for an alternative site manager to be assessed for inclusion on the register.

- 2.8 A successful application will be included in the register for five years. The fit and proper person's name and business contact details, as well as the name and address of the site, and whether a condition has been attached, will all be included on the register. Where an application is rejected, the name and address of the site will be included on the register but not the person's name or business contact details.
- 2.9 The Council is required to make the register available to the public and online.
- 2.10 The regulations detail an appeal procedure against a council decision to set conditions to an application, refuse an application or revoke an existing application. They also include defences to operate sites for limited periods in breach of the fit and proper requirement.
- 2.11 The regulations provide a power for the council to set and charge an application fee, as well as an annual fee, via a condition on someone's inclusion in the register. Detailed guidance regarding fees is detailed in the MHCLG document 'Mobile Homes: a guide for local authorities on setting fees for the fit and proper person test'.
- 2.12 On conviction for breach of the requirement to provide a fit and proper person, the site operator would be liable for an unlimited fine and the Council can consider an application for the site licence to be revoked.
- 2.13 The Council is obliged to create and publish a fee policy for any fee charged and ensure that the fee is reasonable and transparent.

3. Current position/findings

- 3.1 The Council currently has four sites that are used for business purposes, where homes are freely brought and sold by the residents. These are detailed in Appendix 1.
- 3.2 The Council inspects these sites annually to ensure compliance with site licence conditions. Fees are charged in accordance with the current Fees Policy.
- 3.3 The fit and proper assessment is a new piece of legislation. The council has contacted all affected sites, providing information on the new legislation requirements and the necessary application form.

4. Proposed action

- 4.1 To implement a new fee structure as part of the application process and registration process as detailed in The Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020. The annual fee available through these regulations is not considered necessary as an annual fee is incorporated in the policy through the Mobile Homes Act 2013 procedure.

- 4.2 Incorporate these new fees as part of a revised Mobile Homes Fees Policy and subject these fees to annual inflationary increases.
- 4.3 To delegate the decision process for determination of a Fit and Proper Person Application to the Housing Standards Senior Manager. Where representation by the site owner to a preliminary decision notice is received within the 28 period, the representation will be heard by the Assistant Director for Individuals and Families who will make a final decision.

5 Other options

- 5.1 To reject the proposed charge for the application and registration process for the fit and proper person assessment. The service will then be provided with no fee for the businesses concerned.

5 Issues and risks

- 6.1 **Resource Implications** – The procedure can be met within the existing Housing Standards team.
- 6.2 **Legal Implications** – The proposals are in accordance with statutory procedures.
- 6.3 **Equality Implications** – The proposals do not specifically affect individuals within a protected characteristic group.
- 6.4 **Environmental Impact** – There will not be any environmental impact from the legislation.
- 6.5 **Crime and Disorder** – The objective of the legislation is to improve management of protected sites. There should therefore be only a positive impact on crime and disorder.
- 6.6 **Risks** – Although residential rent increases are controlled through previous legislation, the regulations allows the licensee to increase the pitch rents to residents to cover the costs. Although this will be limited this may be proportionally passed on to the site residents.

7. Conclusion

- 7.1 These new regulations reflect a continuing progression of legislation to control the residential rental sector. The Regulations provide further control of the management of certain residential mobile home sites and an opportunity for Local Authorities to recover the costs of the requirement.

8. **Recommendations**

8.1 Committee to recommend to Cabinet:

- d. The inclusion of the enforcement of new regulations as part of the Housing Standards responsibility.
- e. Approval of the fee's structure detailed in the revised Mobile Homes Fees Policy.
- f. Delegate authority to the Senior Housing Standards Manager to approve Fit and Proper Person applications.

Background papers

List any background papers here

Appendix One-List of Protected Sites

Appendix One

1. Woodland View, Stratton Strawless Hall, Stratton Strawless NR10 5LT
2. Drayton Hall, Drayton Hall Park, Hall Lane, Drayton
3. Newton Park Mobile Home Site, Newton Park, Fairholme Road, Newton St Faiths, Norwich
4. Haveringland Hall Residential Parks, Haveringland, Norwich NR10 4PN

Appendix Two

Mobile Homes
Fees and Charges Policy

Mobile Home Act 2013

The Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and
Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020

Broadland District

Housing Standards October 2021

Contents

Introduction

- 1. Purpose**
- 2. Scope of Policy**
- 3. Achieve Cost Recovery**
- 4. Reviewing Charges**

Fees and Charges Policy

Introduction

The Mobile Homes Act 2013 introduced new Duties and Powers for Local Authorities. Section 1 of the Act provides an opportunity for Councils to charge fees for some of these services.

New regulations, The Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020, provide certain duties and powers for the Authority. These include the requirement of assessment of Fit and Proper persons to manage relevant protected Mobile Homes Sites and a power to charge for this additional service.

Guidance from the DCLG 'The Mobile Homes Act 2013 - A Guide for Local Authorities on Setting Site Licensing Fees' and from BEIS 'A guide to local authorities on setting fees for the fit and proper person test' details the parameters on which local authorities can charge.

Before setting any fee rates, there is a requirement that the Council must prepare and publish a fees policy. This Policy provides the frame work that the Council will use to implement the charging procedure.

1 Purpose

- 1.1 The policy establishes the principles for the charging for services provided by Housing Standards in accordance with procedures detailed in the Mobile Home Act 2013 (The Act) and The Mobile Homes (Requirement for Manager of Site to be Fit and Proper Person) (England) Regulations 2020. It aims to provide an accountable pricing structure for specific services to site owners.
- 1.2 The policy details the mechanisms that the Council will use when setting fees and charges for mobile home parks.

2 Scope of Policy

- 2.1 The Policy can only be used on protected sites as is detailed in the Act. Within this parameter, only sites that are used for business purposes will be eligible for the fee.
- 2.2 The Council must comply with all legal requirements for setting fees or charges and generating income from this procedure to ensure the Council is not exposed to the risk of legal challenge. Therefore the fees procedures detailed in this policy are coherent with the relative guidance. For Licence fees 'The Mobile Home Act 2013 - A Guide for Local Authorities' on setting site licensing fees' is applied. With regard to fees for the Fit and Proper Person Test the Council will adhere to the BEIS document "A guide to local authorities on setting fees for the fit and proper person test"

- 2.3 The fee structure is designed to have a fair and equitable reflection of costs relative to the level of resource required and details the fees for the following services:-
- Considering applications for the issue or transfer of a site licence;
 - Considering applications for altering conditions in a site licence and
 - Administration and monitoring of site licences.
 - Considering applications for fit and proper person test.
- 2.4 Where multiple sites exist within the same curtilage with a single licensee, the sites will be combined for the purpose of setting annual fee costs.

3 **Achieve Cost Recovery**

- 3.1 The structure of the Fees Policy is set to meet the cost of providing the service and is restricted to those coverable services detailed in the guidance. It is designed to have a fair and equitable reflection of costs relative to the level of resource required.
- 3.2 The costs are based on the officer time and associated management costs required to deliver the service and uses midrange points on the Councils pay scale to define officer and management costs. These costs will be adjusted each year in line with the Councils pay structure. The time taken for each service delivery is evaluated with respect to the size of the site and corresponding work load.
- 3.3 Appendix 1 details the services costed against time for the provision of new Licence applications. Table one below provides a total cost. These costs do not include travel which will be evaluated for the individual sites and added.

Table One Site Licence Costs

Number of Homes	Total Cost
0-3	£229.50
4-10	£253.80
11-50	£296.25
51+	£348.80

- 3.4 Appendix 2 details the services costed against time for the provision of a transfer of a licence. This is largely a desk top exercise as no site visit is required. The Cost is therefore constant across the types and size of sites and at current rates is set at £84.40.
- 3.5 Appendix 3 details the services costed against time for a variation of a licence. Again this is a singular cost as most variations are simplistic and relate to single issues such as the additional units and has been costed at £202.20. These costs do not include travel which will be evaluated for the individual sites and added.

- 3.6 Appendix 4 details the service cost against time for the annual fee procedure. These are based on an annual inspection process. However, as this is a risk based approach, Appendix 5 details how the annual cost is divided by the period of inspection which is linked to the risk rating. These costs do not include travel which will be evaluated for the individual sites and added.
- 3.7 Appendix 6 details the services costed against time for the Fit and Proper Person application procedure. This is largely a desktop exercise in considering each application and therefore is a singular cost set at £270.24.

4. Reviewing Charges

- 4.1 This fee policy is based on minimal charges for the mobile home function. The risk based approach ensures that sites will not be over charged for the services. There will be a presumption that charges will be increased annually in line with the council's pay review and corresponding midpoint pay scale.
- 4.2 It may be that costs through variant circumstances are increased in a single year for a particular site. In this case the guidance allows for the increase in the following year to compensate. Therefore the charges will be reviewed annually to ensure the fee is relevant to the cost of providing the service for the individual sites.

Appendix 1 - Initial Application and Licence

Task	Officer	Rate	1-3	Cost	4-10	Cost	11-50	Cost	51+	Cost
Initial enquiry	CEO	45.04	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26
letter/telephone calls to make appointments and send out forms	CEO	45.04	35	£ 26.27	40	£ 30.03	50	£ 37.53	60	£ 45.04
updating hard files/computer system	CEO	45.04	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77
processing licensing fee	CEO	45.04	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77
Land reg check & fee	CEO	45.04	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	17	£ 12.76	20	£ 15.01
review necessary documents	CEO	45.04	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77
site inspection at planning stage or immediately after	CEO	45.04	25	£ 18.77	25	£ 18.77	48	£ 35.77	60	£ 44.78
download photographs	CEO	45.04	10	£ 7.51	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26
preparing report on contraventions	CEO	45.04	10	£ 7.51	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	20	£ 15.01
preparing draft and final licences	CEO	45.04	20	£ 15.01	23	£ 17.34	25	£ 18.77	40	£ 30.03
review with manager	CEO	45.04	16	£ 11.81	20	£ 15.01	20	£ 15.01	20	£ 15.01
updating public register	CEO	45.04	10	£ 7.51	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	10	£ 7.51
second visit following issue of new licence.	CEO	45.04	15	£ 11.26	20	£ 15.01	25	£ 18.77	45	£ 33.78
carry out risk assessment	CEO	45.04	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26	25	£ 18.77
reviews of decisions or defending an appeal	CEO	45.04	60	£ 45.04	60	£ 45.04	60	£ 45.04	60	£ 45.04
				£229.50		£253.80		£296.25		£348.80

Appendix 2 - Licence Transfer (Desktop Procedure).

Task	Officer	Time	Rate	Cost
Initial enquiry to transfer	CEO	5	45.04	3.75
Post application form	CEO	10	45.04	7.51
Application received - check correct forms, fee etc. received	CEO	30	45.04	22.52
Review application details	CEO	20	45.04	15.01
Determine app & issue licence	CEO	32	45.04	24.34
			45.04	
Update Flare	CEO	15	45.04	11.26
				£84.40

Appendix 3 -Amending Conditions.

Task	Officer	Time	Rate	Cost
Initial enquiry to amend	CEO	5	£45.04	£3.75
post application form	CEO	15	£45.04	£11.26
application received	CEO	30	£45.04	£22.52
Review application details	CEO	30	£45.04	£22.52
site inspection inc traveling time	CEO	45	£45.04	£33.78
Determine app, third party consultation	CEO	45	£45.04	£33.78
consult with manager and draft licence	CEO	54	£45.04	£40.81
consult with site owner and issue licence	CEO	30	£45.04	£22.52
Update Flare and public register	CEO	15	£45.04	£11.26
				£202.20

Appendix 4 – Service Costs.

Task	Officer	Rate	A <3 Time	Cost	B(3-10)	Cost	C(11-50)	Cost	D(51-100)	Cost	E(100+)	Cost
Letter writing/telephone call to make appointment	CEO	£45.04	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26
handling enquiries and complaints	CEO	£45.04	30	£ 22.52	40	£ 30.03	55	£ 41.20	70	£ 52.55	84	£ 63.17
updating hard files and Flare	CEO	£45.04	28	£ 21.09	31	£ 23.23	32	£ 24.02	25	£ 18.77	30	£ 22.52
Processing the licence fee	CEO	£45.04	15	£11.26	30	£ 22.52	30	£ 22.52	30	£ 22.52	30	£ 22.52
reviewing necessary documents and certificates	CEO	£45.04	15	£11.26	30	£ 22.52	30	£ 22.52	45	£ 33.78	45	£ 33.78
downloading photographs	CEO	£45.04	10	£7.51	10	£ 7.51	10	£ 7.51	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26
preparing report on contraventions	CEO	£45.04	27	£ 20.34	35	£26.27	60	£ 45.04	90	£ 67.56	100	£ 75.07
review with manager	CEO	£45.04	15	£11.26	10	£ 7.66	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26	15	£ 11.26
carry out risk assessment	CEO	£45.04	15	£11.26	15	£ 11.26	25	£ 18.77	29	£ 1.42	30	£ 22.52
Pre-Programmed Full Site Inspection	CEO	£45.04	30	£22.52	35	£ 26.27	45	£ 33.78	70	£ 52.55	100	£ 75.07
Follow Up inspection to check compliance.	CEO	£45.04	20	£15.01	25	£18.77	40	£ 30.03	45	£ 33.78	45	£ 33.78
				£165.30		£207.30		£267.90		£336.70		£382.20

Appendix 5 - Risk Applied Service Costs.

risk rate	severe	High	medium	low
inspection interval	1	2	3	5
<3	£165.30	£82.90	£55.10	£33.35
small (3-10)	£207.30	£103.65	£68.75	£41.45
medium (11-50)	£267.90	£133.95	£88.95	
Large (51-100)	£336.70	£168.85		
Extra Large (101+)	£382.20	£191.10		

Appendix 6 - Fit and Proper Person application.

Detail	Minutes
Initial enquiries;	15
letter writing/ telephone calls etc. to make appointments and requesting any documents or other information from the site owner or from any third party in connection with the application process;	30
sending out forms;	10
updating files/ computer systems and websites;	20
processing the application fee;	20
land registry searches;	15
time for reviewing necessary documents certificates;	30
preparing preliminary and final decision notices;	60
review by manager or lawyers of applications, representations made by applicants or responses from third parties;	60
updating the public register;	10
carrying out any risk assessment process considered necessary;	30
reviews of decisions or in defending appeals.	60
Total	360

Total cost at Officer rate of 45.04 = £270.24

Independent Living Assistance Policy

Report Author(s): Louise Simmonds
Housing & Health Manager
Tel: 01508 533886
Email: louise.simmonds@broadland.gov.uk

Portfolio: Housing and Wellbeing

Ward(s) Affected: All Wards

Purpose of the Report:

This report sets out how the Integrated Housing Adaptations Team, (IHAT), proposes to assist vulnerable residents of all ages throughout the district of Broadland. Enhancing our existing grant assistance, with innovative and preventative approaches, will further integrate our housing, health, and social care work, and provide a refreshed approach to using Disabled Facilities Grant, (DFG), funding more effectively.

Residents will be enabled to remain living independent and resilient, whilst preventing, delaying, or reducing more costly demand on acute services. Broadening the range of options to assist our residents will reduce the continued cycle of permanent adaptations.

Recommendations: The committee to recommend to Cabinet:

1. The proposed 'Independent Living Assistance Policy'.
2. A revised Care and Repair fees procedure.
3. A revised Land Charges procedure.

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report proposes to enhance the service of the Integrated Housing Adaptations Team, (IHAT). The proposed 'Independent Living Assistance Policy', (see Appendix 3), builds on grants already in place, both mandatory and discretionary, introducing new grant assistance and interventions to provide support for vulnerable residents. It aims to prevent accidents, ill health

and minimise care costs, hospital admissions and a deterioration in independence and quality of life.

- 1.2 This proposal is the first phase into exploring further transformation through working with Adult Social Care, NHS and other partners to re-think the way we support independence, utilising resources differently to prevent the cycle of adapting properties and helping people remain active and independent for longer. New procedures will utilise resources differently, promote efficient use of adapted properties and reduce the cycle of adaption. Work is underway on practice and process, which will be reported on separately, as required. This policy will lay the foundations for improved practice and process.

2. Background

- 2.1 Activity within this report and the proposed 'Independent Living Assistance Policy' is underpinned by legislation relating to the council's statutory housing duties under the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996. Local housing authorities have a statutory duty to provide grant aid to elderly, disabled and vulnerable residents, where a need has been identified, for a range of adaptations to their home.
- 2.2 The Regulatory Reform (Housing Assistance England and Wales) Order 2002, (RRO), enabled councils to provide, through a policy decision, a wide variety of further discretionary assistance to residents beyond the above-mentioned statutory duty. The RRO can be used to create simplified assistance schemes, avoiding the complex DFG process, and reducing demand on valuable Occupational Therapist resource.
- 2.3 Since 2015 the DFG allocation from Central Government to district authorities has been integrated into the Better Care Fund, (BCF), in recognition of the crucial role of home adaptations to help enable people of all ages to live safely and independently at home for longer. The Better Care Fund Policy Framework requires the ring fenced DFG element of the BCF to be passed to Housing Authorities in full, unless otherwise agreed. Joint plans are developed with Norfolk County Council and the Norfolk & Waveney Clinical Commissioning Group to focus on the four national priorities of the BCF - delayed transfers of care/hospital discharge, non-elective admissions, (general and acute), admissions to residential and care homes and effectiveness of re-ablement.
- 2.4 The current locality plan for Broadland District Council 2021-22 can be found in Appendix 1.
- 2.5 In a letter to Local Authority Chief Executives, dated 4th May 2021, (see Appendix 2), the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, (MHCLG), announced a budget of £573 million from the Department of Health and Social Care for the Disabled Facility Grant in 2021-22. The letter praised excellent work undertaken by local authorities delivering "*much needed adaptations during these difficult and testing times*". Importantly, the MHCLG letter confirmed DFG capital funding may also be used for wider social care

projects. The letter signposted the Regulatory Reform Order (2002) and encouraged the uptake of locally published RRO policies.

- 2.6 The proposed 'Independent Living Assistance Policy' will result in a revised Locality plan for Broadland integrated into BCF arrangements. The proposed discretionary grant and assistance schemes have been informally discussed with colleagues at Norfolk County Council who complimented the range and clarity of proposed assistance and encouraged its implementation and use as an example of good practice. As such, any new policy approved by Cabinet will update the Council's Locality Plan with immediate effect.
- 2.7 The grant assistance and support packages suggested in this report and policy incorporate the five County wide IHAT objectives - to reduce waiting times, improve the customer journey, improve the management of adaptations, reduce operating costs, and improve consistent delivery.

3 Current position/findings

- 3.1 The team face increasing demand from residents of all ages, with mental health, serious illness, and care issues, as well as older and frail residents, who are seeking more innovative solutions than are available.
- 3.2 The Broadland District Council Care and Repair service is a chargeable service to help residents with grant applications, check entitlements for benefits and oversee grant eligible adaptation work. The fee for this service is 15% of the total cost of the adaptation work and is currently capped at £1,500. This cap is an outdated approach which is not within current best practice. The fee is included within and paid for via grant funding. The fee is used to supplement our service with discretionary items and to provide a comprehensive service.
- 3.3 Legislation provides a power for a land charge of up to £10,000 for grant values between £5,000 and £15,000 that is valid for 10 years. Currently at Broadland District Council, land charges are applied to applicable adaptation works in conformance with The Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996: Disabled Facilities Grant (Conditions relating to approval or payment of Grant) General Consent 2008. If the property is sold or otherwise disposed of within 10 years of completion of adaptation works then the land charge funds may be returned to the council to further assist vulnerable residents.

4 Proposed action

- 4.1 To implement the 'Independent Living Assistance Policy', which includes the existing Independent Living assistance, with refinements, in addition to the introduction of new assistance packages. (See Appendix 1 and 2 of the policy document).
- 4.2 To remove the £1,500 cap on the Care and Repair service fee resulting in an uncapped 15% fee for all care and repair service involvement regardless of

property tenure. The removal of the cap will provide an additional income of approximately £15,000 - £18,000 per annum for the service, which will enable the team to continue to protect the services it provides and fund additional discretionary assistance beyond that.

- 4.3 To keep the existing land charge procedures in place. Where the grant exceeds £5,000 a local land charge will be placed on the property, limited to a maximum of £10,000, which will become due if the property is sold or otherwise disposed of within 10 years of completion of adaptation works. The same land charge procedure is proposed to be introduced for the Gaining Independence Grant.

5 Other options

- 5.1 The council could decide not to introduce the new 'Independent Living Assistance Policy' and remain with the existing Disabled Facilities Grant and financial assistance schemes. Vulnerable Assistance Project assistance measures introduced with the additional grant funding received from the MHCLG in January 2021 would cease.

6 Issues and risks

6.1 Resource Implications

- 6.1.1 The capital spend on this policy will be limited to the finance provided by the MHCLG through the Better Care Fund. The proposed additional services will be financed using the increase in annual allocation Broadland District Council has received over the previous financial year. In 2020-21 Broadland District Council IHAT received a DFG budget of £893,405 and in 2021-22 received £1,013,705. The increase in budget totalling £120,300, is intended to be allocated to grants and assistance detailed in the new policy. Any extension beyond this sum will require approval from the Assistant Director for Individuals and Families in consultation with the relevant Portfolio Holder.
- 6.1.2 For future delivery, expenditure beyond mandatory DFG's will be agreed with the Assistant Director for Individuals and Families and relevant Portfolio Holder. All grants and assistance beyond the DFG will be subject to availability of funds in the relevant financial year. Careful monthly monitoring of grant expenditure will enable the IHAT to react accordingly to ensure best use of available finances.
- 6.1.3 There is a possibility that the annual DFG allocation may not be fully spent on traditional DFG adaptation work, particularly with uncertainties regarding continuing COVID-19 restrictions, contractor availability and building material supplies. Future consent from Norfolk County Council to carry forward funding may not be possible, and outstanding money may need to be returned. In such a scenario the opportunity to assist residents in other ways via the proposed new grant and assistance schemes provides greater opportunity to ensure the most effective use of the full budget.

- 6.1.4 Revenue will be met within existing resource and will be topped up by an increase in revenue from the 15% care and repair service fees and land charges applied. Delivery will be drawn from existing referral routes.

6.2 Legal Implications

- 6.2.1 In the case of owner occupiers, where the grant exceeds £5,000, a local land charge may be placed on the property limited to a maximum of £10,000 which will be required if the property is sold or otherwise disposed of within 10 years of completion of adaptation works. This is accepted and legal practice in relation to mandatory DFG's. The land charge procedure will be applied to the Gaining Impendence Grant discretionary assistance in the same manner as that applied to mandatory DFG's.

- 6.2.2 In accordance with the Regulatory Reform (Housing Assistance) (England and Wales) Order 2002, all new discretionary grant and assistance schemes must be via an approved and published policy report.

- 6.3 Equality Implications** – An Equalities Assessment is attached at Appendix 4.

- 6.4 Environmental Impact** – None.

- 6.5 Crime and Disorder** – will proposals impact upon crime and disorder? – No.

- 6.6 Risks** – As detailed in item number 6 above.

7 Conclusion

- 7.1.1 The Councils current policy offer lacks the depth to meet the evolving needs of our residents. The proposed Independent Living Assistance Policy follows Government encouragement to introduce a RRO procedure to greater assist our residents in new and efficient ways. The options detailed in the policy are vital to the success of the Strategic and Delivery Plans. The policy will help to ensure the quality, suitability and sustainability of housing providing a home for residents to thrive.

8 Recommendations

The committee to recommend to Cabinet:

- 8.1 The proposed 'Independent Living Assistance Policy'.
8.2 A revised Care and Repair fees procedure.
8.3 A revised Land Charges procedure.

Appendix 1 Broadland District Council Locality Plan

Appendix 2 Letter from Housing with Care and Support Division

Appendix 3 Broadland District Council Independent Living Assistance Policy

Appendix 4: Equalities and Communities Impact Assessment

Background papers – None

Appendix 1 Broadland District Council Locality Plan

1 Introduction

This document shows the aims and proposals, for the use of the BCF Disabled Facilities Capital Grant allocation, for each of the 7 district councils providing the Disabled Facility Grants in Norfolk. The housing and home improvement teams providing this service contribute significantly to the health and wellbeing of communities and prevent, reduce, or delay the need for major interventions from health or social care. The increase in the BCF allocation for DFG over the last few years has meant that the teams across Norfolk have helped more people to remain living safely and independently at home. The interventions made also contribute to the better care fund metrics such as:

1. Non-elective admissions
2. Admissions to residential care homes
3. Effectiveness of re-ablement
4. Delayed transfer of care/discharge to assess

2 Document Overview

This document details the planned activity by all 7 districts in Norfolk for the year 2021-2022.

The document consists of 3 sections the first section shows an overview of the planned activity for each district. The next section contains a table for each district showing the grants available and a brief description of what the grant covers and whether it contributes to Living Well (prevention), Maintaining Independence (early intervention) or Re-ablement at Home. Finally, there is a summary table showing what grants are available in each district.

3 Overview of Planned Activity.

This section gives an overview of planned activity for each district

Broadland District Council – BCF/DFG Allocation £1,013,705

Planned activity for 2021/22

1. This is being reviewed currently and further assistance may be added later in this financial year. The assistance currently being provided is shown below:
 - a. DFGs of up to £30,000 for appropriate and necessary adaptations which are reasonable and practicable
 - b. Reduce the time it takes to deliver adaptations. Adaptations provided through DFG's have been proven to delay admission to

residential care for an average of 4 years and to reduce the amount of formal and informal domiciliary care required. The sooner such adaptations are provided the better in terms of this preventative effect. We aim to reduce the end to end times for Disabled Facilities Grant aided adaptations to 140 days. Prior to COVID progress had been made and applicants were generally seen within four weeks of an assessment. We aim to get back to assessing within 4 weeks and will continue to analyse the process and identify time efficiencies that can be implemented.

- c. Low level adaptation grants up to £750 delivered by the Handyperson Service.
The Low-level adaptations are a preventative tool specifically aimed at accident prevention and helping residents to stay safely in their own homes.
- d. Discretionary grant of up to £5,000 for clients applying for a DFG. This will go towards the client contribution required by the means test.
- e. Provide a top up loan additional to £30K DFG of up to £15K. The loan provides further financial assistance where the current cap of £30K will not provide the funds necessary to complete the adaptations at a property.
- f. A means tested boiler replacement procedure for defective or non-condensing boilers or storage heaters for residents with health issues. In addition, first time installations, replacement, and repair to all off gas units will be available (those properties beyond .5 km from a gas main) to all residents that are assessed to be in fuel poverty.
- g. A means tested architect fee grant for complex cases. Complex cases are stalled where structural works require pricing prior to approval. The only option for the pricing procedure is for the applicant to finance the architect fee prior to approval hence the stall and sometimes abandonment of the procedure. A grant to cover these costs will help to ensure a smooth process for complex cases where structural works usually in the form of an extension are required.
- h. A Get You Home Grant of up to £5000 to pay for essential maintenance works at residents' properties identified through the District Direct Service and other hospital referral routes.
- i. Dementia Grant provided by contributing to and accessing the county wide Forget me Not grant procedure.

4 Grants Available

The following tables show the grants available and a brief description of what the grant covers The columns that the grant covers shows whether it contributes to

Living Well (prevention), Maintaining Independence (early intervention) or Re-ablement at Home.

Broadland District Council – Activity and Interventions

Living Well (prevention)	Maintaining Independence (early intervention)	Re-ablement at home
Disabled Facilities Grants Grant funded (up to £30,000) home adaptations recommended by an Occupational Therapist.		
Discretionary Adaptations Grant Discretionary grant of up to £5,000, for clients applying for a DFG, toward the client contribution required by the DFG means test.		
DFG Top up Loan The loan provides further financial assistance of up to £15k where the current cap of £30K will not provide the funds necessary to complete the adaptations at a property.		
Means tested architect fee grant Grant for complex cases where structural works require pricing prior to approval and the only option is for the applicant to finance the architect fee prior to approval and cannot pay the fee.		
Low level adaptation grants up to £750 Delivered by the Handyperson Service the Low-level adaptations are a preventative tool specifically aimed at accident prevention and helping residents to stay safely in their own homes.	Get You Home Grant of up to £5000 Grant to pay for essential maintenance works at residents' properties identified through the District Direct Service and other hospital referral routes.	
Means tested boiler replacement Boiler replacement procedure for defective or non-condensing boilers or storage heaters for residents with health issues. Also, first time installations, replacement, and repair to all off gas units will be available (those properties beyond .5 km from a gas main) to all residents that are assessed to be in fuel poverty.		
Dementia Grant Grant provided by contributing to and accessing the county wide Forget me Not grant procedure		

Below is a summary table showing discretionary grants/services available from the information in the previous sections.

	Breckland	Broadland	Great Yarmouth	North Norfolk	Norwich	South Norfolk	West Norfolk
Discretionary DFG Grant	yes	no	no	no	no	yes	yes
Fast Track Hospital Discharge Pathway	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
prevention/Low Level Adaptations Grant	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
DFG contribution Top-up Grant/loan	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no	yes
DFG over £30K Top-up grant/loan	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no	yes
Heating upgrade grant	yes	yes	yes#	no	yes	yes	yes
Means tested Architect Grant	no	yes	no	no	yes*	no	no
Hospital Discharge Grant	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
Hospital Discharge/admission prevention Pack	no	no	yes	no	no	yes	yes
Social Prescribing/Advice service	yes	no	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
Relocation Grant	yes	yes**	yes##	yes**	yes	yes**	yes
Handyman Service	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
Dementia Grant	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Enabling Carers Adaptation Grant	no	no	no	no	yes	no	no
HIA Service	no	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
District Direct Service	no	no	yes	no	no	yes	yes
Discretionary Emergency Repair Grant/Loan	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no	yes
*Norwich home improvement team provides a full in-house architectural service FOC included in the agency service							
** The Norfolk and Waveney Equity Share scheme is available for all districts to use as and when funds allow.							
# Great Yarmouth provides a top up to Warm Homes Fund							
## Through the Norfolk and Waveney Equity Scheme administered by Great Yarmouth Borough Council							

Appendix 2:

Cathy Page
Deputy Director,
Housing with Care
and Support
Division
Fry Building 2
Marsham Street
London SW1P 4DF

04 May 2021

To Local Authority Chief Executives in:

1. Unitary Authorities
2. Metropolitan Borough Councils
3. County Councils
4. London Boroughs (including the City of London)

CC: District Councils

CC: Foundations, National Body for Home Improvement Agencies

£573 million for the Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) in 2021-22

Dear Local Authority Chief Executives,

Following the Chancellor's announcement of £573 million for the DFG at Spending Review 2020, I am pleased to inform you that 2021-22 allocations have been confirmed to us by the Department of Health and Social Care. I would also like to take this opportunity to acknowledge the continued excellent work by local authorities to deliver these much-needed adaptations during these difficult and testing times.

Confirmation of this £573 million for the DFG in 2021-22 represents a 61% increase in funding for home adaptations since 2015, and Government remains committed to helping older and disabled people to live as independently as possible in their own homes. As in previous years, we intend to make these payments to local authorities in England in May, and details of each local authority's allocation can be found in **Annex B**. This also specifies the amounts which Tier 1 authorities must pay to each district council in their areas, unless otherwise agreed.

As you know, the DFG is capital funding for the provision of home adaptations to help older and disabled people to live as independently and safely as possible in their homes. Where agreed locally (and in two-tier areas with the express agreement of district councils), a portion of the grant may also be used for wider social care capital projects. A grant determination letter outlining the conditions of grant usage will be issued to local authorities to coincide with the payments being made.

In two-tier areas the main DFG funding will be paid to the Tier 1 authorities (county councils), while the statutory duty to provide adaptations to the homes of those eligible people who qualify, continues to sit with Tier 2 local housing authorities (district councils). I can confirm that, building on the approach taken in previous years, each area should allocate DFG funding primarily for the provision of home adaptations, and in two-tier areas, unless specific agreement is given by any district council, Tier 1 authorities must pass down the DFG funding to their district councils in full, and in a timely manner, to enable the districts to continue to meet their statutory duty. Since 2015 the DFG has been part of the Better Care Fund (BCF) in recognition of the crucial role home adaptations can play in supporting the integration of housing, health and social care to help enable people of all ages to live safely and independently at home for longer. Each BCF plan should consider the contribution that can be made by the DFG. Further details will be set out in the BCF Policy Framework for 2021-22, which will be published shortly.

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government would also like to draw your attention to Foundations, who are funded by this department. Foundations is the National Body for Home Improvement Agencies and it is working closely with local authorities to help them deal with the challenge of delivering adaptations in the current climate, and they are on hand to help where needed. More information can be found at: <https://wwwFOUNDATIONS.uk.com/>.

Finally, I would like to signpost the Regulatory Reform Order (2002) to local authorities to encourage uptake of locally published RROs. At present, over 93% of authorities have a locally published RRO policy, but we would like to see this rise to 100% uptake. The RRO gives local housing authorities power to assist individuals with renewals, repairs, and adaptations in their homes through grants or loans, subject to the adoption and publication of a policy for provision of assistance under the RRO. For example, it can provide authorities with power to fund essential repairs to reduce injury and accidents in the home, to ensure homes are adequately heated, and to expand the scope of adaptations available under the DFG legislation. Local authorities can also use the RRO to create assistance schemes which help people meet their needs without going through the full DFG process. Schemes such as these can, for example, provide 'fast track' mechanisms for low level adaptations, which do not require a full social care assessment or means test. If your authority is interested in adopting and publishing a local RRO policy, please contact Foundations for help and assistance.

If you have any general questions about your authority's DFG funding in 2021-22 please send them to Disabled.facilitiesgrants@communities.gov.uk.
Regards,



**Deputy Director
Housing with Care and Support**

Annex A

THE DISABLED FACILITIES CAPITAL GRANT (DFG) DETERMINATION 2021-22 [31/5515]

The Parliamentary Under Secretary of State (Minister for Rough Sleeping and Housing) (“the Minister”) in exercise of the powers conferred by section 31 of the Local Government Act 2003 hereby makes the following determination:

Citation

1. This Determination may be cited as the Disabled Facilities Capital Grant Determination (2021-22) **[31/5515]**.

Purpose of the grant

2. The purpose of this grant is to provide support to local authorities in England towards capital expenditure lawfully incurred or to be incurred by them.

Determination

3. The Minister determines as the Tier 1 authorities, unitary authorities and London Boroughs to which grant is to be paid and the amount of grant to be paid, the authorities and the amounts set out in **Annex B** to this determination.

Grant conditions

4. Pursuant to section 31(4) of the Local Government Act 2003, the Minister of State determines that the grant will be paid subject to the conditions set out below.

Treasury consent

5. Before making this determination in relation to local authorities in England, the Minister obtained the consent of the Treasury.

Signed by authority of the **Parliamentary Under Secretary of State (Minister for Rough Sleeping and Housing)**



Cathy Page
Deputy Director
Housing with Care and Support
2021

04 May

GRANT CONDITIONS

1. Grant paid to a local authority under this determination may be used only for the purposes of meeting capital expenditure and as provided for in paragraphs 2 to 5 below.

2. Grant paid under this determination must be spent in accordance with a Better Care Fund (BCF) spending plan jointly agreed between the relevant local authority or local authorities and the relevant Clinical Commissioning Groups. This plan must be developed in keeping with the 2021-22 BCF Policy Framework and BCF Planning

Guidance (which provides specific guidance on the DFG) which will be published shortly.

3. In two-tier authority areas each Tier 1 authority must pay the amounts specified in **Annex B** below as allocated to the named Tier 2 authorities in their area to those authorities in full **no later than 30 June 2021**, subject to paragraph 4.

4. A Tier 1 authority may retain part or all of an amount specified in **Annex B** below as allocated to a Tier 2 authority in their area if the relevant Tier 2 authority has expressly agreed, in accordance with National Condition 1, that the money is to be used for other social care capital projects.

5. Any money paid under this grant determination must only be used for the specific purpose of funding adaptations for disabled people who qualify for a Disabled Facilities Grant made under the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 or under the Regulatory Reform (Housing Assistance) Order 2002 (or any other social care capital projects where otherwise agreed as above).

6. The Chief Executive or Chief Internal Auditor of each of the recipient payment authorities (London Boroughs, Unitary Authorities and Tier 1 Authorities) are required to sign and return to Disabled.facilitiesgrants@communities.gov.uk at the Housing with Care Support Division of the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government a declaration, **to be received no later than 31st October 2022**, in the following terms:

“To the best of our knowledge and belief, and having carried out appropriate investigations and checks, in our opinion, in all significant respects, the conditions attached to the **Disabled Facilities Capital Grant Determination (2021-22) No [31/5515]** have been complied with”.

7. If an authority fails to comply with any of the conditions and requirements of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 the Minister of State may-

- a) reduce, suspend, or withhold grant; or
- b) by notification in writing to the authority, require the repayment of the whole or any part of the grant.

8. Any sum notified by the Minister of State under paragraph 7(b) shall immediately become repayable to the Minister.

Annex B: DISABLED FACILITIES GRANT ALLOCATIONS 2021-22

Norfolk	£9,157,782
Breckland	£1,329,644
Broadland	£1,013,705
Great Yarmouth	£1,348,045
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	£1,782,807
North Norfolk	£1,354,615
Norwich	£1,293,541
South Norfolk	£1,035,425

Appendix 3



Independent Living Assistance Policy

Contents

- 1 Introduction**
 - 1.1 Policy Statement**
 - 1.2 Policy Principles**
 - 1.2.1 Strategic Priority**
 - 1.2.2 Disabled Facilities Grant**
 - 1.2.3 The Regulatory Reform (Housing Assistance England and Wales) Order 2002.**
 - 1.2.4 Better Care Fund Locality Plan**
 - 1.2.5 Policy Aims**
- 2 Adaptations, Residential Support and The Integrated Approach**
 - 2.1 Integrated Housing Adaptation Team**
 - 2.2 Home Improvement Agency, (HIA), Officers**
 - 2.3 Current Procedure**
 - 2.3.1 Gaining Independence Grants**
 - 2.3.2 Forget Me Not Grants**
 - 2.3.3 Care and Repair Fee**
- 3 New Procedures**
 - 3.1 Delivery Development**
 - 3.2 Additional Measures**
 - 3.2.1 Local Land Charge**
 - 3.2.2 Care and Repair Fee**
- 4 Resource**
 - 4.1 Financial Management**
 - 4.2 Income Generation**
- 5 Service Delivery and Development**
- 6 Monitoring Key Outcomes**

6.1 Objectives

6.2 management and review of service

7 Customer Feedback

Appendix 1 Grant and Assistance

Appendix 2 Summary of Grant provision

1 Introduction

1.1 Policy Statement

The Independent Living Assistance Policy considers the health and wellbeing of residents and combines traditional procedures with new innovative assistance, support, and action for residents of the council. The approach will supplement and amend the assistance already provided by the Council in its existing Private Sector Renewal, Financial Assistance Policy. The new policy builds efficiency and consistency in service delivery and introducing new focussed ways of helping residents to remain safely in their home longer. The Policy includes, both mandatory and discretionary processes and assistance aims to prevent accidents, ill health and minimise care costs, hospital admissions and a deterioration in independence and quality of life.

The Policy will help to ensure the quality and suitability of housing and ensure accommodation meets resident's needs, allowing vulnerable residents to retain or regain their independence, sustain their health and wellbeing, and provide a base from which to thrive.

The Disabled Facilities Grant, (DFG), is a time-tested approach that has demonstrated considerable success in promoting independent living for eligible applicants. This policy enhances the services of the Integrated Housing Adaptations Team, (IHAT), that already deliver a successful DFG program. It introduces increased opportunities to help vulnerable residents, focussing on early intervention, prevention, and enablement through a range of facilities, equipment, services, and financial assistance alongside traditional home adaptations. The approach builds the efficiency and consistency in service delivery and provides new focussed ways of helping residents to remain safely in their home longer, beyond the scope of the DFG in an ambitious preventative program. It aims to prevent accidents, ill health and minimise care costs, hospital admissions and a deterioration in independence and quality of life.

Importantly, the policy follows Government intentions and clear encouragement to introduce an imaginative policy to greater assist our residents in new and efficient ways.

1.2 Policy Principles

1.2.1 Strategic Priority

The councils Strategic Plan, Health and Wellbeing Strategy and the Delivery Plan highlight the importance of housing and housing services in supporting older and or vulnerable people to maintain their independence. Broadland has a high percentage of residents aged over 65, (34,093 – 25.8%), compared to the national average, (18.5%), and this is expected to rise to 46,366, (30.7%), by the year 2043*.

The percentage of the population over the age of 85, (3.7%), is also higher than the national average of 2.5%. The population is projected to grow by an average of 5.9% in Broadland by 2043. This will result in an increase in age related conditions and disabilities and increases demand on a range of services and on the housing stock of the district. It requires housing services and provision to adapt to manage this demand.

**Data obtained from NorfolkInsight.org.uk, Norfolk County Council 2020*

There are direct links between poor housing and poor health particularly in older people, residents with disabilities or chronic illness and households with young children. Broadland District Council's strategic plan is to create an aligned team to work together to create the best place for everyone, now and for future generations. The delivery plan is to assist persons to maintain independence and live safe and well in their own home longer through early intervention, prevention and re-ablement and to avoid or defer more costly health / care costs.

1.2.2 Disabled Facilities Grants, (DFG's)

Local housing authorities have a statutory duty to provide means tested grant aid to disabled residents to promote independent living where a need has been identified, for a range of adaptations to their home. This known as a Disabled Facilities Grant, (DFG). Adaptations provided through DFG's have demonstrated delays to admission to residential care by an average of 4 years, a reduction in falls within the home and a reduction in the amount of formal and informal domiciliary care required. The activity is underpinned by legislation and as such is included in the Council's statutory housing duties using procedures detailed in the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996.

1.2.3 The Regulatory Reform (Housing Assistance England and Wales) Order 2002.

The Regulatory Reform (Housing Assistance England and Wales) Order 2002, was made under the Regulatory Reform Act 2001 and came into force on 18 July 2002. The Order provided an opportunity for councils to provide, through a policy decision, a wide variety of further discretionary assistance to residents beyond the above-mentioned statutory duty.

1.2.4 Better Care Fund Locality Plan

Since 2015 the DFG allocation from Central Government to district authorities has been integrated into the Better Care Fund, (BCF), in recognition of the crucial role home adaptations can play in supporting the integration of housing, health, and social care to help enable people of all ages to live safely and independently at home for longer. For two tier authority areas, the Integration and Better Care Fund Policy Framework requires the ring fenced DFG element of the BCF to be passed to Housing Authorities in full, unless otherwise agreed. Joint plans are developed with Norfolk County Council and the Clinical Commissioning Groups to focus on the four national priorities of the BCF which are:

- Delayed transfers of care/hospital discharge
- Non-elective admissions (general and acute)
- Admissions to residential and care homes
- Effectiveness of re-ablement.

Any additional grant beyond the DFG procedure, financed through the Housing Authorities allocation of funds from the Better Care Fund (BCF) is required to be spent in accordance with the BCF spending plan jointly agreed between Norfolk County Council and the Norfolk & Waveney Clinical Commissioning Group. Therefore a 'locality plan' must be developed in keeping with the Integration and BCF Policy Framework 2021/22 and most recent Planning Guidance, National Condition 1, ('Plans to be Jointly Agreed'), of which provides specific guidance on DFGs.

1.2.5 Policy Aims

This policy will enhance the Councils current BCF Locality Plan with a range of packages that will be available to Broadland District Council residents. The assistance aims to provide appropriate practical, cost-effective, and preventative advice and support to residents most at risk of losing their independence. New housing grant assistance and interventions are introduced, focussing on:

- Maintaining independence, (early intervention).
- Living well, (prevention), and
- Re-ablement at home.

The policy considers the health and wellbeing of residents and brings together all forms of grant, support, and action available to the Council, both mandatory and discretionary. As well as a reactive tool to resident's needs the policy introduces innovative and preventative approaches and assistance to maximise the opportunity for people to remain safely in their home longer and to prevent or minimise care costs, hospital admissions and a deterioration in independence and quality of life.

Assistance and support detailed in this policy will incorporate the following five county wide IHAT objectives:

1. Reduce waiting times.
2. Improve the customer journey.
3. Improve the management of construction /adaptations.
4. Reduce operating costs and
5. Improve consistent delivery.

To ensure that the assistance given is targeted effectively, councils have the power to carry out tests of financial resources and to charge for any labour or materials they provide, should they wish to do so. They have the power to set the conditions under which any financial assistance should be repaid and the period over which those conditions should apply. Where they chose to give a loan or to attach conditions to a grant or loan, councils have the power to waive any requirement to repay it or to reduce the amount they require to be repaid.

Using these powers, the Council has introduced a range of new grant assistance scheme. A summary of existing and proposed new grants and assistance is detailed in Appendices 1 and 2.

2 Adaptations, Residential Support, and the Integrated Approach

2.1 Integrated Housing Adaptation Team

For a DFG to proceed an assessment of need is required. The assessment details eligible works for financial assistance to adapt the property. The legislation details that District Authorities liaise with Social Services and as a result, accepted practice is for Occupational Therapists to provide or supervise these assessments.

To achieve fluidity, Adult Social Care staff, (Occupational Therapists and Assistant Practitioners), from Norfolk County Council, are co-located within the Housing Standards team. Working alongside Broadland District Council officers, Occupational Therapists and Assistant Practitioners form the Integrated Housing Adaption Team, (IHAT). The process ensures that residents' eligible needs are met, and the most appropriate adaptations are made to their home.

2.2 Home Improvement Agency, (HIA), Officers

HIA officers are employed by the council and based within the Housing Standards Team. HIA officers offer a Care and Repair service aimed at older or vulnerable people to enable them to remain living independently in their own home.

The Care and Repair service offers bespoke advice and support, linking clients to independent advice and financial help to deal with repairs, improvement, and adaptation needs. The officers help residents with grant applications, check entitlements for benefits and oversee grant eligible adaptation work. Care and Repair Officers and Technical Officers work with contractors to oversee adaptation work through to successful completion. Officers go above and beyond grant delivery to provide a holistic approach to ensure residents are safe and happy to live independently in their home for longer and often link with local support services to enable residents wherever necessary. The process also lessens the risk of property deterioration and the risk of vulnerable persons being the victim of fraudulent surveys and rogue traders.

2.3 Current Procedure

2.3.1 Financial Assistance Policy

The DFG has been supplemented by a range of assistance detailed with Broadland District Councils Private Sector Renewal, Financial Assistance Policy, including a low-level grant, a discretionary contribution grant, top-up loan, the handy person plus scheme, Safe and Warm grants, boiler replacement grant, architects fee grant, Healthy Home Loan and an empty homes procedure.

2.3.2 Forget Me Not Grants

Forget me not grants are available to Broadland District Council residents via a Norfolk wide approach for small non means tested assisted for residents with dementia. They are designed for low level interventions and are capped at £500.

2.3.3 Care and Repair Fee

The Broadland Care and Repair service is a chargeable service to help residents with grant applications, check entitlements for benefits and oversee grant eligible adaptation work. No upfront costs are required as the charge is incorporated into the grant procedure. At present the fee is 15% and is capped at £1,500.

3 New Procedures

3.1 Delivery Development

To address the emerging preventative program, further promoting independence and to enhance the Councils contribution to Better Care Fund priorities the Council has introduced a range of assistance that are integrated into the Councils Better Care fund locality plan. The assistance will fast track procedures and address health priorities.

The Council will provide financial assistance where appropriate through a system of grants and incentives. The aims of this are:

- To remove people from hazards that present an immediate risk to their health.
- To adapt homes to make them suitable for people with disabilities.
- To enable people to maintain their independence.
- To improve the quality of the housing stock.

The new financial assistance available include:

- A Gaining Independence Grant.
- Assistive Technology Grant.
- Maintenance Grant.
- Re-location Grant.
- Void Adapted Property Procedure.
- Fuel Poverty Grant.
- DFG Contribution Grant.
- Top-Up Grant.
- Get You Home Grant.
- Serious Illness Grant.
- Mental Health Grant.
- Carer Support Facility Grant.
- Architect Grant.
- Maintenance Grant.

The measures available in detail including eligibility is detailed in Appendix 1

Much of the new grant assistance was trialled when the Housing Standards team received additional funding from the MHCLG in January 2021. A temporary 'Vulnerable Assistance Project' introduced new grant schemes under a single project title for approval. The wide range of schemes was introduced to help the maximum number of residents as possible. A refined and simplified application procedure was used to make assistance as efficient as possible. These schemes proved to be successful and assisted many vulnerable residents in difficult situations.

The DFG and Forget Me Not Grant will remain as currently used.

In addition to the above, the council will continue to work in collaboration with partners to bid for external funding opportunities that will benefit our residents as and when they become available. For example, the Council has used the provisions of the Energy Company Obligation (ECO) Flexible Eligibility scheme to increase the number of residents who can benefit from energy efficiency improvements to their home through the ECO scheme.

3.2 Additional Measures

3.2.1 Land Charges

The Statutory Instrument, The Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996: Disabled Facilities Grant (Conditions relating to approval or payment of Grant) General Consent 2008, provides a power for a land charge of up to £10,000 for grant values between £5,000 and £15,000. At Broadland District Council Land Charges have been applied on all appropriate owner occupier properties where a DFG exceeds £5,000, which will become due if the property is sold or otherwise disposed of within 10 years of completion of adaptation works. This is accepted legal practice in relation to mandatory DFG's.

As such the land charge procedure will be applied to Gaining Independence Grants, detailed in this policy in the same manner as that applied to mandatory DFG's.

3.2.2 Care and Repair Fee

The Care and Repair fee will now be set at 15% with the £1,500 cap removed. The 15% fee will apply to all care and repair service involvement regardless of property tenure. This procedure will provide a consistency to all Housing Associations and other Landlords.

4 Resource

4.1 Financial Management

All new financial assistance detailed in Appendix 1 will be subject to availability of funds in the relevant financial year. Mandatory DFG's will remain the priority and all funding will be within existing resource. Delivery will be drawn from existing referral routes. The scope of the policy reflects this with a wide range of assistance to help as many residents as possible within these parameters.

The Council will allocate capital and revenue funding to support this policy and regularly review its budgets considering:

- The response to the Council's policy.
- Changing demand for different kinds of assistance.
- The need to change the priorities of initiatives and policies.

A monitoring procedure will be initiated by the Housing Standards Senior Manager in consultation with the Assistant Director and Portfolio Holder.

The budget and workflow will be closely monitored monthly to ensure sensible expenditure throughout the financial year.

There is a potential to overspend on new, additional grant assistance packages and to reduce the amount of funding available for traditional adaptation work, which remains a statutory duty to provide according to an identified need. However, the new assistance packages provide preventative ways of assisting residents as an alternative to always seeking the traditional and potentially more expensive adaptation work. This is an opportunity to assist residents in new, quick, and efficient ways within the limits of the annual budget.

The proposed additional services will be financed using the increase in annual DFG budget Broadland Council has received over the previous financial year. In 2020-21 Broadland District Council IHAT received a DFG budget of £893,405 and in 2021-22 received £1,013,705. The increase in budget totalling £120,300 is intended to be allocated to grants and assistance detailed in the new policy. Any extension beyond this sum will require approval from the Assistant Director for People and Places in consultation with the Portfolio Holder.

For delivery in future years expenditure beyond mandatory DFG's will be agreed with the Assistance Director for People and Place and Portfolio Holder. All grants and assistance beyond the DFG will be subject to availability of funds in the relevant financial year. Careful monthly monitoring of grant expenditure will enable the IHAT to react accordingly to ensure best use of available finances.

There is a possibility that the annual DFG allocation may not be fully spent on traditional DFG adaptation work, in such a scenario the opportunity to assist residents in other ways via the proposed new grant and assistance schemes provides greater opportunity to ensure the most effective use of the full budget. If it appears that the DFG budget is unlikely to be spent an increased amount can be allocated to new grant and assistance schemes in agreement with the Assistant Director and Portfolio Holder.

The budget and workflow will need to be closely monitored to ensure sensible expenditure throughout the financial year. Expenditure will be monitored monthly to react accordingly using the greater range of grant and assistance options available.

4.2 Income

As detailed in 3.2.1 the Council will use the powers detail in The Statutory Instrument, The Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996: Disabled Facilities Grant (Conditions relating to approval or payment of Grant) General Consent 2008. The Council will increase return via a local land charge to supplement the capital budget.

As detailed 3.2.2 in the Council will charge fees, where appropriate, for its Care and Repair services. The universal fee of 15% based on the cost of the works arranged on behalf of the client for the users of the Care & Repair Service will increase income. The Council will consider introducing charges to offset the

cost of other services such as obtaining home maintenance advice services and home surveys etc. as the services become available.

5 Service Delivery and Development:

The Council will encourage property owners, landlords and residents to properly maintain their homes and where appropriate to do so, enable homes to be made suitable for those that need to regain or maintain their independence.

Services designed to stop a further decline in independence or that promote independent living skills must be balanced against the immediate needs of residents and resolving existing housing problems, particularly those experienced by the most vulnerable.

Providing help to improve people's living conditions will be achieved through a combination of:

- Provision of a range of advice, guidance, and support services.
- Provision of means-tested financial assistance.
- The use of regulation or enforcement powers.
- Responding to opportunities to attract additional funding and resources to the area.

Broadland District Council will continue to work in collaboration with partners to achieve the service objectives. The Council will work with Health and Social Care partner services to establish common assessment and referral pathways to ensure an effective multi-disciplinary approach.

6 Monitoring Key Outcomes:

6.1 Objectives

The Council undertakes to address the key objectives identified in the Strategic and Delivery plans. It has identified the measures that can be used to monitor its progress on each of these objectives. These measures sit within the following success indicators:

- The number of vulnerable people assisted to remain in their own homes following intervention.
- The number of properties adapted to meet the needs of disabled occupants.
- The number of homes where energy efficiency has been improved.

General measures of successful outcomes for our residents include improved social mobility outcomes achieved for our residents, an increase in the number of residents supported to be independent for longer, the prevention of falls and other accidents in the home, a reduction in care costs and a reduction in need for residential care.

6.2 Management and review of service

To ensure the services achieve the required outcomes and partners effectively contribute to the delivery of shared outcomes, activity in this policy will be underpinned by a set of shared governance arrangements.

Broadland Locality Better Care Fund activity and outcome performance will be presented to the People and Communities Directorate monthly at Dashboard meetings. It will be available at Corporate Management meetings, whenever required.

County IHAT Managers meetings monitor and evaluate performance and outcomes of the service at each of the seven local authorities throughout Norfolk, comparing performance and sharing good practice. The group is currently reviewing local authority performance at each stage throughout the DFG process. The council will work with and align procedures and best practice accordingly. Monthly performance data is submitted to the County IHAT coordinator to continuously to monitor progress.

7 Customer Feedback:

- 7.1 The Council encourages feedback from users of our services and has an online feedback form on our website that can be accessed at.

<https://www.southnorfolkandbroadland.gov.uk/zz-compliments-complaints-snc>

Clients are requested to sign completion certification upon satisfactory completion of work / assistance and before a grant is paid. Further customer feedback mechanisms will be introduced as the service is further reviewed.

Appendix 1 – Grants & assistance

1. DISABLED FACILITIES GRANT, (DFG):	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mandatory service for district tier authorities. • To provide adaptations, equipment, and services to enable a person with a disability to live safely and independently in their own home.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • £30,000. • The grant will be the difference between the applicants assessed contribution and the eligible costs up to a maximum grant of £30,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, s.100. • Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum cost of works £750. • Works that are essential for access, mobility around the home, personal care, bedroom, kitchen, safety, and services, as described in the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 s.23 • Works must be necessary and appropriate to meet the needs of the disabled person; and • Work must be reasonable and practicable to carry out having regard to the age and condition of the dwelling or building. • Fees for costs and professional services in connection with the scheme. • Cost of a five-year stair lift warranty. • The Grant will be costed using a 2-quote procedure to ensure efficiency of delivery and best value. Alternatively, an agreed unit rate, (agreed price scheme), will be used for common adaptations.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Council will only consider funding an extension to a dwelling if the assessed need cannot be met by the provision of equipment and/or alterations to the property. • The Council will only consider funding the provision of equipment and/or alterations to a dwelling if the assessed need cannot be met by re-organising the existing living space available in the property. • The grant will only be available for the cost of works necessary for the adaptation and not to the wider fabric of the property.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grant will only be available towards the cost of works to meet the assessed needs of the disabled person.
Common parts or group repair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The reasonable sum or proportion relating to the applicant's liability.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Applicants will be assessed for their ability to contribute to the scheme, the test of resources will be that as applied to the Mandatory Disabled Facilities Grant rules as set out under the Housing Renewal Grant Regulations 1998 (as amended). Where the applicant has been determined as having a contribution to make to the works, that contribution will be deposited with the Council before the works commence.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The client needs assessment will be focussed on the immediate and foreseeable needs of the person to live as independently in their home as their condition will allow. Norfolk County Council will, based on assessments of the client in their home undertaken by suitably qualified assessors, be responsible for determining clients' needs. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission. In the case of owner occupiers, where the grant exceeds £5,000 a local land charge will be placed on the property limited to a maximum of £10,000 which will become due if the property is sold or otherwise disposed of within 10 years of completion of the works.

2. GAINING INDEPENDENCE GRANT (GIG):

Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide adaptations to enable a person with a disability to live safely and independently in their own home. A streamlined disabled adaptation grant for where the works are of a smaller nature and the applicant is in receipt of specified benefits. It is intended as a fast track alternative to a DFG, not a replacement.
Maximum Grant	£12,000
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 s.100, applicants can be property owners or tenants, some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants The person must be in receipt of one or more of the following passport benefits. Income Support

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pension Credit Guarantee • Job Seekers Allowance (Income related) • Employment Support Allowance (Income related) • Housing Benefit • Council Tax Support (not including single person reduction) • Universal credit
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum cost of works £750.00 • Works that are essential for access, personal care, bedroom, kitchen, safety, and services, as described in the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 s.23 • Works must be necessary and appropriate to meet the needs of the disabled person; and • Works must be reasonable and practicable to carry out having regard to the age and condition of the dwelling or building. • Cost of a five-year stair lift warranty • Fees for costs and professional services in connection with the scheme • The eligible costs will be determined by use of a contractor selected through a procurement process.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Council will only consider funding an extension to a dwelling if the assessed need cannot be met by the provision of equipment and/or alterations to the property. • The Council will only consider funding the provision of equipment and/or alterations to a dwelling if the assessed need cannot be met by re-organising the existing living space available in the property. • The grant will only be available for the cost of works necessary for the adaptation and not to the wider fabric of the property. • Grant will only be available towards the cost of works to meet the assessed needs of the eligible person.
Common parts or group repair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The reasonable sum or proportion relating to the applicant's liability
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The applicant will be responsible for the payment any non-eligible works undertaken at their request at the time the eligible works are undertaken.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The client needs assessment will be focus on the immediate and foreseeable needs of the person to live as independently in their home as their condition will allow.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Norfolk County Council will, based on assessments of the client in their home undertaken by suitably qualified assessors, be responsible for determining clients' needs. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission. In the case of owner occupiers, where the grant exceeds £5,000 a local land charge will be placed on the property limited to a maximum of £10,000 which will become due if the property is sold or otherwise disposed of within 10 years of completion of the works.
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3. FORGET ME NOT GRANT - funded by Norfolk County Council	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To assist people living with Dementia and those caring for them in the maintenance of a safe, decent, and warm home. To prevent admission to, and aid discharge from hospital or residential care.
Maximum Grant	£500
Minimum cost of works	£0
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diagnosis of Dementia or likely diagnosis of dementia Not means tested.
Referral route	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> GP Primary care Workers Community Care Admiral Nursing Service Self or family referral Other
Eligible Properties	A permanent and legal residence in Broadland District Council boundary
Eligible Works	<p>Works will include small-scale works following an assessment of the property such as.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Additional lightning in the home Decorating in such a way to provide contrast to the walls and skirting boards Adding signage to rooms and cupboard doors Removing and installing glass fronted cupboard doors Fitting memory cues, photos frames to the wall, clocks, and notice boards Essential repairs to remedy category one hazard Essential minor improvements and adaptations

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Home Safety and Security • Energy Efficiency measures where alternative home energy assistance is unavailable • Works to prevent unreasonable delay to the release of a patient from primary care • Works to prevent a relevant person being admitted to primary care
Delivery mechanism	The Dementia Friendly Home is coordinated through the Care & Repair Home Improvement Agency. One quote only needed for work / equipment due to low level grant.
Conditions	<p>Must have lived in the relevant property for 12 months at the time of the initial enquiry and intend to remain in occupation for 5 years</p> <p>The grant will not be used to effect repairs/works that are the responsibility of a private or social landlord.</p> <p>The grant will not be used to effect repairs/works/adaptations that can be funded through other means such as a Disabled Facilities Grant or GIG.</p>
4. ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY GRANT, (ATG):	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discretionary assistance beyond that currently provided by the County Council. • To provide equipment, technology, and services to enhance quality of life, prevent accidents in the home and enable a person with a disability to live safely and independently in their own home.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • £2,000. (Minimum grant: £0). Non means tested.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, s.100. • Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technology, equipment, or services that are essential for access and mobility around the home, personal care, and safety, as described in the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 s.23 • Assistive technology not already available via the Norfolk County Council Assistive Technology Team. • Works must be necessary and appropriate to meet the needs of the disabled person; and • Fees for costs and professional services in connection with the scheme.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The eligible costs will be determined by competitive tendering in accordance with the councils standing orders or use of a contractor selected through a procurement process.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alternative assistive technology, equipment, and services not already available via the Norfolk County Council Assistive Technology team. Innovative project working with in association with the University of East Anglia to trial new preventative technologies in homes. Grant will only be available towards the cost of technologies, equipment, and services to meet the assessed needs of the disabled person.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non means-tested grant.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The client needs assessment will be focussed on the immediate and foreseeable needs of the person to live as independently in their home as their condition will allow. Norfolk County Council will, based on assessments of the client in their home undertaken by suitably qualified assessors, be responsible for determining clients' needs. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission.

5. FUEL POVERTY GRANT:

Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary grant available for renovation / repair of structure and heating systems that will assist warmth and health in a home. To improve the health and wellbeing of residents by assisting households in fuel poverty and/or at risk from cold to access Energy Company Obligation (ECO) flexible funding to improve the energy efficiency of their homes. This Grant will consolidate and replace heating grants detailed in previous Council Policy. A preventative tool to enhance healthy living for vulnerable residents, This additional grant will link in with the Warm Homes Fund offer and provide a holistic approach to address housing issues of disrepair and thermal resilience as well as poor heating. Referral route – self-referrals, partners, ECO providers.
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Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • £8,000. • For tenanted residents, the grant will only be related to items beyond that which could be achieved through enforcement procedures, (that tend to be a minimum standard).
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants. • Financial eligibility will require correlation with the Councils Eco Flex statement of intent and /or a means test benefit. This will need to be combined with a health or care requirement. For care, the minimum eligibility would be those in receipt of attendance allowance. For the health condition element, those individuals receiving a health-related benefit. In addition, confirmation by a medical practitioner would be accepted. • Qualifying low-income benefits – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Housing benefit ○ Council tax reduction/support (but not where single occupancy discount is the only reduction) ○ Child tax credit - no income cap ○ Working tax credit – no income cap ○ Universal credit – no income cap • Person deemed vulnerable to cold – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Over 65 (living at the property) (birth certificate, passport, driving licence) ○ Pregnant woman (Mat B1 letter) ○ Child under 5 (birth certificate) ○ Health condition exacerbated by cold proved by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ letter from GP ▪ letter from hospital ▪ eligible for free flu jab for health reasons ▪ referral from a medical professional • Flexible funding eligibility will be determined by the Council who will refer eligible households to the appropriate ECO provider for survey and assessment. A referral will not guarantee the installation of measures.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats. • A high-cost home - F or G rating on Energy Performance Certificate for the property (if available) or a score of 80 above property energy use assessment.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No minimum cost of works. • Fees for costs and professional services in connection with the scheme. • The eligible costs will be determined by competitive tendering in accordance with the councils standing orders or use of a contractor selected through a procurement process.

Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Works that are essential for repair or replacement of structure and heating systems to assist warmth and health in a home. E.g. replacement windows in living rooms and bedrooms and works to address structural dampness or the repair of poor-quality external doors. Or, if required a first-time heating system. • Works will be determined by the ECO provider considering the funding available and the energy saving that can be achieved. • Work must be reasonable and practicable to carry out having regard to the age and condition of the dwelling or building.
Common parts or group repair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The reasonable sum or proportion relating to the applicant's liability.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. • The landlord's permission will be required before any measures will be installed in a privately rented property • The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission.

6. DFG CONTRIBUTION GRANT:	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discretionary grant to remove the personal contribution as a result of the DFG mandatory means test by up to £5,000. For example, a £10,000 contribution would be reduced to £5,000. • The Contribution Grant will not be available to an applicant with £16,000 or over, available in a current or savings account. • The grant should reduce the number of applicants who cancel their applications due to their contribution being too high. • Any contribution above £5,000 will be required to be paid by the applicant.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • £5,000. • The grant will be the applicants assessed contribution up to a maximum grant of £8,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, s.100. • Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only available to applicants with under £16,000 in current account or savings account.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG. Contribution grant linked to Approved DFG works.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Applicants contribution will be determined by the test of resources as applied to the Mandatory Disabled Facilities Grant rules as set out under the Housing Renewal Grant Regulations 1998 (as amended). Where eligible the clients calculated contribution towards DFG work will be paid using the Contribution Grant, up to maximum of £5,000.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.

7. DFG TOP UP GRANT:

Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary grant to provide a speedy resolution to applications where works are expected to exceed the DFG cap of £30,000. To provide a top up grant up to £10,000 that will be placed as a conditional 10-year charge on the land register property details. If the resident was to move or sell the property during this period, the grant would require repayment to the council. For Housing Association properties and rental properties, the top up grant will not generally be available, however should exceptional circumstances require, the grant can be provided without condition with the approval of the portfolio holder.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £10,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, s.100. Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.

8. GET YOU HOME GRANT:	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary non means tested grant to pay for essential maintenance / repair works and / or essential capital purchases at residents' properties identified through the District Direct Service and other hospital referral routes.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person in hospital or discharged from hospital into a residential home or other care facility awaiting consent to return home.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000 maximum grant.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any repair or maintenance work to the structure of a property or equipment required to provide a safe and warm home for the resident to return to from hospital or care facility. Examples include installation of a level threshold door, safe access ramps, hand and grab rails, key safes, repairs to heating systems, etc.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non means tested grant.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.

9. SERIOUS ILLNESS GRANT:	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary non means tested grant to provide adaptations, initiate repairs or improve thermal capacity of homes for all residents diagnosed with a terminal condition, as detailed by a medical practitioner. This grant provides quick and straight forward financial assistance to seriously ill residents in need of adaptations and / or equipment to make their final stages in life at home as safe and comfortable as possible.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person diagnosed with a serious, (terminal), illness such as Motor Neurones Disease or a stage 4 cancer. Serious / terminal illness to be confirmed by a medical professional.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000 maximum grant.

Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any repair or maintenance work to the structure of a property or equipment required to provide a safe and warm home for the resident to return to from hospital or care facility. Examples include installation of a level threshold door, safe access ramps, hand and grab rails, key safes, repairs to heating systems, etc.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non means tested grant.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work / equipment will be focussed on the immediate needs of the person to live as safe and independently in their home as their condition will allow. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission.

10. MENTAL HEALTH GRANT:

Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary non means tested grant to help a resident who has diagnosed mental health problems and has lost control over the maintenance and structural repair of their property or its contents. Usually such persons are already assigned an Adult Social Care worker and their home presents a serious risk of injury or harm to the resident. Intervention and assistance are required to make their home safe. Provide for clearance and cleaning of a property to enable contractors to work safely during grant assisted adaptations.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person referred to the Housing Standards team by an Adult Social Care worker typically where there is concern over the mental capacity of the resident or where a resident is found to be living in a property at risk due to serious disrepair.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000 maximum grant.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any repair or maintenance work to the structure of a property to remove serious category 1 hazards, (as defined in the Housing, Health and Safety Rating System) or to clear and clean a property to enable grant assisted adaptation work to be undertaken. Examples include structural repairs to the roof or windows to make a property watertight, repairs to stairs to prevent falls, repairs to electrical installations and repairs to heating systems to provide heating and hot water.

Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non means tested grant.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work will be focussed on the immediate needs of the person to live safely and independently in their home. • The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. • The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission.

11. CARER SUPPORT FACILITY GRANT:

Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discretionary means tested grant to enable and assist live in carers or family members who provide the essential Care and Support for disabled residents.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • £5,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A live-in carer or family member providing care / support for a disabled resident. • Means tested grant. • Disabled person or carer is in receipt of a passport benefit, including carers Allowance.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • £5,000 maximum grant.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any adaptation or equipment to provide respite and comfort for carers, including equipment to improve the health, (physical and mental) and wellbeing of the carer.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Means tested grant. Applicants will be assessed for their ability to contribute to the scheme, the test of resources will be that as applied to the Mandatory Disabled Facilities Grant rules as set out under the Housing Renewal Grant Regulations 1998 (as amended). • Where the applicant has been determined as having a contribution to make to the works, that contribution will be deposited with the Council before the works commence.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work will be focussed on the immediate needs of the person to live safely and independently in their home. • The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. • The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission.

12. MAINTENANCE GRANT:	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary non means tested grant to provide for repair costs of specialist equipment previously installed via grant assistance and where the initial warranty period has expired, e.g. maintenance and repair of stair lifts and wash / dry toilets, (Closomat, Geberit, etc.). As part of a DFG or GIG, a 5-year warranty is included in the grant for the installation of a stairlift or other specialist equipment. When the warranty period has expired, a maintenance grant would cover the cost of any repair work necessary to ensure the continued safe operation of the equipment for the resident. If repair work exceeds the maximum grant limit, then consideration should be made to replacement of the equipment using a DFG or GIG.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £2,000.
Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A permanent and legal residence including dwellings, mobile homes or caravans and houseboats.
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £2,000 maximum grant.
Relevant Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repair / maintenance costs involved to ensure continued safe operation of specialist equipment, e.g. stairlift or wash/dry toilet.
Applicant Contribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> None means tested grant.
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work will be focussed on the immediate needs of the person to live safely and independently in their home. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by the relevant certificates of owner or tenant occupation. The Council shall only entertain applications accompanied by proof of ownership and/or owner's permission.

13. RE-LOCATION GRANT:	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary service for district tier authorities. Procedure to help fund relocation costs in cases where adaptations cannot be made to the current property or moving is a more suitable and cost-effective solution. Financial assistance to encourage residents to look at accommodation options which are more suited to needs thereby avoiding adaptations on unsuitable properties and potentially freeing up properties more suited to others. Provides financial assistance towards relocation where properties cannot be adapted due to planning, conservation, or structural restrictions.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £5,000.

Eligible Persons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, s.100. Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants. Means tested grant.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A property identified by the Housing Solutions team as not being suitable for adaption or the necessary adaption is not possible due to planning or conservation restrictions
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same as for DFG.

14. VOID ADAPTED PROPERTY PROCEDURE:	
Purpose of assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discretionary service for district tier authorities. Procedure to provide funding to enable properties on the Housing Solutions team stock list, which have already been adapted and become vacant, to be held / reserved for a person with needs identified to match the adapted property. The Void Property Procedure would pay the rent on the property for up to a maximum of six weeks to enable the Housing Solutions team to match the property to a suitable person on the housing waiting list. This avoids properties which have had adaptations being allocated to persons without an identified need and would prevent another property needing to have expensive adaptation work undertaken.
Maximum Grant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to a maximum of six weeks rental payments.
Eligible Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Housing Association property identified by the Housing Solutions team within Broadland District Council
Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The rent on an adapted property, which becomes vacant, will be paid by the grant up to a maximum of six weeks and only when matched to a resident with identified need.

Appendix 2:

Summary of Proposed new Assistance:

Grant	Maximum Grant Payable	Means Tested Yes / No	Potential Uses	Eligibility Criteria
Gaining Independence Grant, (GIG).	£12,000	Yes	As above but simplified & streamlined process. Not suitable for complex adaptations.	-As above -Person must be in receipt of one or more passport benefits, (including council tax support – not single person reduction alone)
Assistive Technology Grant	£2,000	No	To provide equipment, technology, and services to enhance quality of life, prevent accidents in the home and enable a person with a disability to live safely and independently in their own home.	-Technology, equipment, or services that are essential for access and mobility around the home, personal care, and safety, as described in the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 s.23 -Works must be necessary and appropriate to meet the needs of the disabled person
Re-location Grant	£5,000	Yes	Financial assistance to help fund relocation costs in cases where adaptations cannot be made or moving is a more suitable and cost-effective solution. Could be used to fund removal fees, carpets, or furniture / fittings to help a move to a more a	Any disabled person, as described by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, s.100. Applicants can be property owners or tenants; some landlords may apply on behalf of tenants. A property identified as not being suitable for adaption or adaption is not possible due to

			more suitable property.	planning or conservation restrictions.
Void Adapted Property Procedure	Up to six weeks rent payments	No	Procedure to provide funding to enable properties on the Housing Solutions team stock list, already adapted and vacant, to be reserved for a person with needs identified to match the adapted property.	-An adapted property identified by the Housing Solutions team within Broadland District Council.
Fuel Poverty Grant	£5,000	Yes	-Renovation / repair of structure or heating systems to improve warmth & health in a home. E.g. replacement windows in bedrooms / living rooms, repair of structural dampness, replacement of poor-quality external doors or first-time heating system.	-Correlation with councils' Eco Flex Statement of intent and/or: in receipt of a means tested benefit plus receive a health-related benefit or certification by medical practitioner. -Owner occupiers or tenants. -Tenants-assistance limited to that beyond enforcement proceedings against landlord to achieve greater than minimum standards.
DFG Contribution Grant	£5,000	Yes	-To remove applicant DFG /GIG contribution as a result of means test	-Any contribution over £5,000 must be paid by applicant.
Top Up Grant	£10,000	No	-To provide a fast resolution to applications where work is likely to exceed max DFG cap of £30,000	-Conditional 10-year Land Charge on property. Grant repayable to council if resident moves or sells property within this period.

				-Not available to Housing Association or rented properties unless exceptional circumstances and in agreement with Portfolio holder
Get You Home Grant	£5,000	No	-Essential maintenance work - Essential capital purchases	-District Direct or other hospital referral.
Serious Illness Grant	£5,000	No	- Adaptations, repairs or improve thermal capacity of homes.	-Terminal illness confirmed by medical practitioner
Mental Health Grant	£5,000	No	-House or garden clearance to enable essential repairs. -Adaptations or repairs to remove hazards or improve thermal capacity	-Vulnerable resident likely to have adult social care involvement, mental health concerns, unable to identify need for or arrange own remedial work.
Carer Support Facility Grant	£5,000	Yes	-Adaptations or equipment to enable and assist family members who provide care and support for disabled residents.	-Disabled applicant or carer on passport benefit, including carers allowance.
Maintenance Grant	£2,000	No	-To provide repair costs of specialist equipment previously installed via grant assistance and where the initial warranty period has expired, e.g. maintenance and repair of stair lifts and wash / dry toilets.	Same as for DFG / GIG. Previous DFG / GIG applicant with expired warranty.

Appendix 4: Equalities and Communities Impact Assessment



Name of Officer completing assessment:	Louise Simmonds
Date of Assessment:	18/07/2020

What is the proposed Policy? To put together a range of additional interventions using the council's improved Better Care Fund allocation for the Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG).
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1. Which protected characteristics does this Policy impact: (please tick all that apply)					
Age	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sex	<input type="checkbox"/>	Pregnancy/Maternity	<input type="checkbox"/>
Disability	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sexual Orientation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gender Reassignment	<input type="checkbox"/>
Race	<input type="checkbox"/>	Civil Partnership/Marriage	<input type="checkbox"/>	Religion or Belief	<input type="checkbox"/>
Health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Rurality	<input type="checkbox"/>	Low Income	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
				None of the above	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. What do you believe are the potential equalities impacts of this policy? Please include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any other groups impacted not detailed above Partnership organisations worked with in the development of this policy Evidence gathered to inform your decision Where you have consulted, Who and How this has informed the decision/policy Note: Impacts could be positive and/or negative and impact groups differently
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The intended effects of the proposed interventions are positive in that they will enable individuals experiencing long term health issues or disabilities to live at home for longer and in better health. In addition, the need for more formal health and/or social care interventions will be reduced or delayed.

Two of the proposals relate to the easing of the DFG process where blockages could occur either through the contribution of the applicant or because the cost of the works needed extends beyond the current cap of £30K meaning that interventions can be in place and have an effect sooner.

The introduction of the 'Get You Home Grant' will link to the District Direct service and enable a quicker discharge from hospital as this formalises a clear pathway for those interventions to ensure that the patient is returning to a suitable and safe home. It is also intended that application of the grant could reduce the incidence of re-admission to hospital.

The 'Mental Health Grant' will provide assistance for those not able to make the necessary decision to ensure their homes are safe.

Refining the heating system project will assist more people experiencing fuel poverty. Fuel Poverty can impact markedly on health, including mental health. Research suggests that cold housing increases the level of minor illnesses such as colds and flu and exacerbates existing conditions such as arthritis and rheumatism and more than 1 in 4 adolescents living in cold housing are at risk of multiple mental health problems compared to 1 in 20 adolescents who have always lived in warm housing.

Age:

All suggested interventions are age neutral, in that they would be targeted at need rather than a certain age group. Although it is acknowledged that older people are the largest cohort age group who would be accessing these services and would see the most positive impacts, this would not remove access for other age groups.

Carers:

One of the proposed interventions is aimed specifically to improve the health and wellbeing of carers - the 'Carers Support Grant'. Implementation of the intervention positively impacts carers by providing an adaptation, equipment, support, or service to improve health and wellbeing. The improvements that can be made to the physical home environment can reduce the physical impact of caring duties and improve the health and mental health of the people they are caring for and themselves.

3. How is it proposed that any identified impacts are mitigated?

Please include:

- Steps taken to mitigate, for example, other services that may be available
- If you are unable to resolve the issues highlighted during this assessment, please explain why
- How impacts will be monitored and addressed?
- Could the decision/policy be implemented in a different way?
- What is the impact if the decision/policy is not implemented?

Other protected characteristics:

Disability, Age, Health and Low Income have been identified as the characteristics these interventions would mainly impact. In addition, it should be noted that the other protected characteristics would not impact on access to the interventions. However, monitoring of this would be included as part of the 12-month review process.

In conclusion, the decision could be made not to implement these interventions and while this does mean that, in effect, business as usual would continue, an opportunity to improve outcomes for people with the protected characteristics of Age and Disability and our own additional characteristics of Health and Low Income would be missed.

Signed by evaluator: Kevin Philcox	
Signed by responsible head of department:	

Agenda Item 7 Wellbeing Policy Development Panel Work Programme

Date	Subject of Report	Responsible Officer	Notes
6 Oct	Mobile Homes – Charging Policy	Kevin Philcox	
	Independent Living Assistance Policy	Mike Pursehouse	
24 Nov	Social Prescribing in BDC	Kerrie Gallagher	
	Best in Class Housing Model Progress	Richard Dunsire	
2 Feb 2022	Health and Wellbeing Strategy	Mike Pursehouse	
	Future Adult Care Integration	Mike Pursehouse	
20 Apr			