

Cabinet

Agenda

Members of the Cabinet:

Cllr J Fuller (Chairman) Cllr K Mason Billig (Vice Chairman) Cllr Y Bendle Cllr M Edney Cllr L Neal Cllr A Thomas Cllr J Worley Leader, External Affairs and Policy Governance and Efficiency Better Lives Clean and Safe Environment Stronger Economy Customer Focus Finance and Resources

Date & Time:

Monday 11 January 2021 9.00 am

Place:

To be hosted remotely at: South Norfolk House, Cygnet Court, Long Stratton, Norwich, NR15 2XE

Contact:

Claire White tel (01508) 533669 Email: <u>democracy@s-norfolk.gov.uk</u> Website: www.south-norfolk.gov.uk

PUBLIC ATTENDANCE:

This meeting will be live streamed for public viewing via the following link: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCZciRgwo84-iPyRImsTCIng

If a member of the public would like to attend to speak on an agenda item, please email your request to <u>democracy@s-norfolk.gov.uk</u>, no later than 5.00pm on Thursday 11 March 2021.

Large print version can be made available

If you have any special requirements in order to attend this meeting, please let us know in advance.



AGENDA

- 1. To report apologies for absence;
- Any items of business which the Chairman decides should be considered as a matter of urgency pursuant to section 100B(4)(b) of the Local Government Act, 1972. Urgent business may only be taken if, "by reason of special circumstances" (which will be recorded in the minutes), the Chairman of the meeting is of the opinion that the item should be considered as a matter of urgency;
- 3. To receive Declarations of interest from Members;

(Please see guidance – page 3)

4. To confirm the minutes from the meeting of Cabinet held on 7 December 2020; (Please Note: as Appendices 1-4 have been provided by an external source, we cannot guarantee that it is fully accessible)

(attached – page 5)

- 5. Greater Norwich Local Plan Regulation 19, Pre-submission Publication; (report attached – page 13)
- 6. Cabinet Core Agenda;

(report attached – page 53)

7. Exclusion of the Public and Press;

To exclude the public and press from the meeting under Section 100A of the Local Government Act 1972 for the following items of business on the grounds that it involves the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in paragraph 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Act (as amended)

8. Contract for Wheeled Bins for South Norfolk Council;

(report attached – page 54)

NOT FOR PUBLICATION by virtue of Schedule 12A Part 1 of Paragraph 3 of the Local Government Act 1972 (as amended)

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST AT MEETINGS

When declaring an interest at a meeting Members are asked to indicate whether their interest in the matter is pecuniary, or if the matter relates to, or affects a pecuniary interest they have, or if it is another type of interest. Members are required to identify the nature of the interest and the agenda item to which it relates. In the case of other interests, the member may speak and vote. If it is a pecuniary interest, the member must withdraw from the meeting when it is discussed. If it affects or relates to a pecuniary interest the member has, they have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public but must then withdraw from the meeting. Members are also requested when appropriate to make any declarations under the Code of Practice on Planning and Judicial matters.

Have you declared the interest in the register of interests as a pecuniary interest? If Yes, you will need to withdraw from the room when it is discussed.

Does the interest directly:

- 1. affect yours, or your spouse / partner's financial position?
- 2. relate to the determining of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration in relation to you or your spouse / partner?
- 3. Relate to a contract you, or your spouse / partner have with the Council
- 4. Affect land you or your spouse / partner own
- 5. Affect a company that you or your partner own, or have a shareholding in

If the answer is "yes" to any of the above, it is likely to be pecuniary.

Please refer to the guidance given on declaring pecuniary interests in the register of interest forms. If you have a pecuniary interest, you will need to inform the meeting and then withdraw from the room when it is discussed. If it has not been previously declared, you will also need to notify the Monitoring Officer within 28 days.

Does the interest indirectly affect or relate any pecuniary interest you have already declared, or an interest you have identified at 1-5 above?

If yes, you need to inform the meeting. When it is discussed, you will have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public, but you should not partake in general discussion or vote.

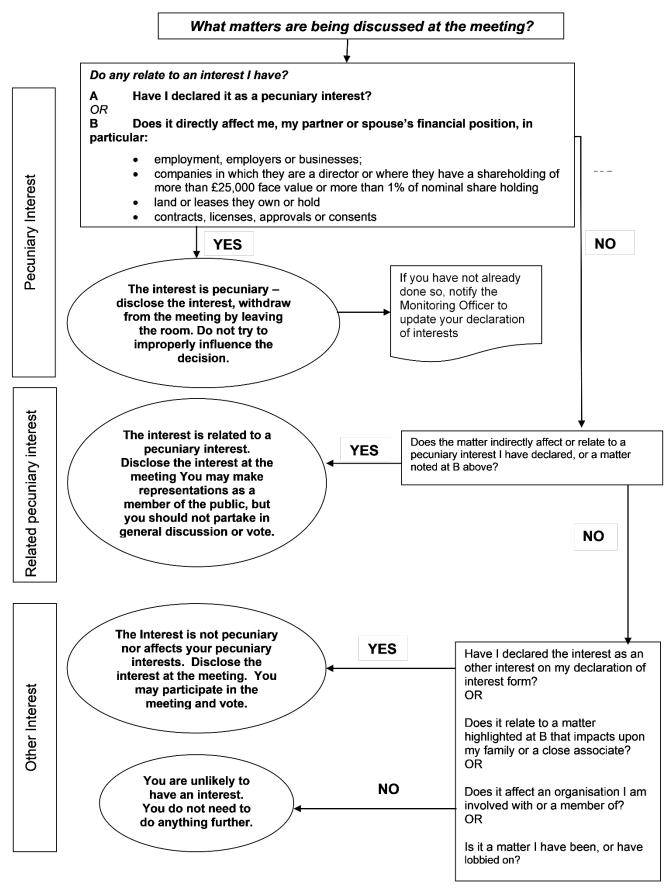
Is the interest not related to any of the above? If so, it is likely to be an other interest. You will need to declare the interest, but may participate in discussion and voting on the item.

Have you made any statements or undertaken any actions that would indicate that you have a closed mind on a matter under discussion? If so, you may be predetermined on the issue; you will need to inform the meeting, and when it is discussed, you will have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public, but must then withdraw from the meeting.

FOR GUIDANCE REFER TO THE FLOWCHART OVERLEAF.

PLEASE REFER ANY QUERIES TO THE MONITORING OFFICER IN THE FIRST INSTANCE

DECLARING INTERESTS FLOWCHART – QUESTIONS TO ASK YOURSELF





Agenda Item: 4

CABINET

Minutes of a remote meeting of the Cabinet of South Norfolk District Council, held on Monday 7 December 2020 at 9.00 am.

Committee Members Present:	Councillors: J Fuller (Chairman), Y Bendle, M Edney, K Mason Billig, L Neal, A Thomas and J Worley
Other Members in Attendance:	Councillors: C Brown, B Bernard, V Clifford-Jackson, T Laidlaw, N Legg and R Savage
Officers in Attendance:	The Managing Director (T Holden), the Director of Place (P Courtier), the Director of Resources (D Lorimer), the Director of People and Communities (J Sutterby), the Assistant Director Chief of Staff (H Ralph), the Assistant Director Governance and Business Support (E Hodds), the Assistant Director Community Services (S Phelan), and the Place Shaping Manager (P Harris).

2845 MINUTES

The minutes of the Cabinet meeting held on 2 November 2020, were confirmed as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

2846 BUDGET UPDATE REPORT - SECOND WAVE COVID FUNDING

Members considered the report of the Assistant Director of Finance, which requested additional funding to support the Council's response to Covid-19, for both the current year and 2021/22 budgets.

The Portfolio Holder, Cllr J Worley briefly introduced the report, explaining that the request for additional resources was, in the main, to support the response to the COVID-19 pandemic. He referred to the table detailed at paragraph 5.2 of the report, which illustrated the financial impact of COVID-19, explaining that despite being in receipt of compensation grants, the Council had currently been adversely affected to the sum of £1.035m for the current financial year.

The Director of Resources drew attention to the key areas of the report, explaining that additional funding was required in order to continue to deliver services in line with the amended delivery plan for the current financial year and in to 2021/22. She confirmed that the proposals were in addition to those additional resources already agreed by Cabinet back in November.

The Chairman suggested that as the Council was yet to receive the financial settlement from the Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG), it was premature to be considering the following year's budget. He also expressed some disappointment that the requests in the report had not followed the usual governance procedures, involving preliminary discussions at Board, and detailed briefings to each of the relevant portfolio holders.

During discussion, Cabinet queried whether some of the additional human resource, could, instead, be provided through the redeployment of staff from other areas, and more information was sought with regard to how the Council had performed against additional funds already allocated. With regard to the proposals to increase the Information Technology Capital budget by £40,000, Cabinet agreed that the outcome of the Members' survey to establish Members' needs, was required before a final budget requirement could be agreed.

The Managing Director explained that the additional funding was required to allow officers to deliver effectively against the Delivery Plan and to continue to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. He stressed that funds would only be used if required.

After some debate, Cabinet agreed that it could agree to recommend to Council, in principle, all the recommendations of the report, subject to further consideration. The recommendations would be considered and examined in more detail at Board on 14 December, before the meeting of full Council, where a final decision would be required.

Cllr Worley commended this approach, stressing the need to continue to deliver quality services, whilst providing value for money and re-allocating existing resources where appropriate.

Voting was carried out by way of a roll call and it was unanimously

RESOLVED

To RECOMMEND in principle, subject to further consideration, the following recommendations to COUNCIL

 To increase the general 20/21 Covid 19 emergency budgets by £450,000 to provide additional resource to support the Council's response to Covid 19. To be funded by the Government's Covid grant.

- 2. To increase the housing 20/21 Covid 19 emergency budget by £50,000 to meet the ongoing need for homelessness support. To be funded by the Government's Covid grant.
- 3. To agree that £350,000 should be included in the 21/22 budgets to help cover the cost of responding to the Covid 19 pandemic, to be funded from the Council's general reserve.
- To increase the SNC 20/21 Information Technology Capital Budget by £40,000, to provide funding to support the outcome of the review of member IT.
- 5. To increases the SNC 20/21 Information Technology Capital Budget by £50,000, to improve the technology in the council chamber.

The Reason for the Decision

To ensure that the Council's financial position remains robust, whilst responding to the needs of the community.

Other Options Considered

Not to agree the requests for additional funding at this stage.

2847 BUSINESS RATES POOLING 2021/22

Members considered the report of the Assistant Director of Finance, regarding Business Rates Pooling for 2021/22.

The Director of Resources presented the report, explaining that the Council had benefitted from being a member of the Business Rates Pool, however, the current risks were higher than they had been in previous years. She referred to the uncertainty around government support and the NHS Trust appeal, the date of which was yet to be set. In response to queries, she confirmed that if any authority were to enter the safety net position, all other members of the pool would need to support that position and she explained that South Norfolk had set aside £5m in reserves to accommodate such a position if required. Members noted that the Government would only intervene should all authorities enter the safety net position. The Director of Resources stressed that a final decision was not required until after the Provisional Local Government Settlement announcement later that month, and advised that should any one authority choose to withdraw, then the whole pool would fall.

The Portfolio Holder, Cllr J Worley, commended the report to Cabinet, stressing that it was too early to make a final decision, and the Local Government settlement announcement would provide more information on which to make an informed decision. He referred to paragraph 3.6 of the report, explaining that since writing the report, the Government had decided not to pursue plans to reset Business Rates in the forthcoming financial settlement.

The Chairman agreed that South Norfolk had previously benefitted from the pooling arrangements, however, stressed the need to look carefully at the risks, before deciding whether to continue with the current arrangements.

The vote was conducted by way of a roll call and it was unanimously

RESOLVED

To agree

- 1. In principle to continue with Business Rates Pooling for 2021/22.
- 2. That the Assistant Director Finance, in consultation with the Leader and the Portfolio Holder for Finance & Resources, is authorised to withdraw SNC from the Norfolk pool, if the latest modelling undertaken by the Norfolk authorities no longer demonstrates a financial benefit from pooling.

The Reason for the Decision

To maximise income to the Council and the Joint Investment Fund, whilst being mindful of the risks of pooling.

Other Options Considered

None

2848 LONG STRATTON BYPASS: PROPOSAL TO UNDERWRITE THE DEVELOPER'S FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION

Members considered the report of the Director of Place, which sought Cabinet approval to underwrite the developer contribution, in order to strengthen the Outline Business Case, to be submitted to the Department of Transport, for the funding of the Long Stratton bypass.

Cllr A Thomas, one of the local members for Long Stratton, explained that she had been campaigning for a bypass for Long Stratton since 1997, and that she supported the proposals in the report, to strengthen any business case submitted to the Department of Transport. However, she did feel that a form of security for the Council was needed, to ensure payback from the developer.

The Director of Place stressed that the decision was one in principle only, and that should any future agreement seek to utilise South Norfolk's funds, details

of the agreement would be brought back for Members' consideration, with more details of securities in place for the Council.

Cabinet agreed that this added some comfort but also requested that the current recommendations be strengthened to ensure that an appropriate security and repayment mechanism was in place.

One member expressed concern that the current arrangements might compromise the planning process for the broader housing development, however, the Chairman stressed that it was the Council's role to ensure that schemes were viable, and that it was making an "in principle" agreement to ensure that the proposal for a bypass was viable, with no favour being placed on any particular developer. The Director of Planning assured Members that such arrangements were now commonplace, and he was satisfied that as the bypass would form part of the planning application, it would not prejudice any future planning decisions. He added that it was important that the Development Management Committee had the freedom to decide on developer contributions; the risk of this not meeting the proposed £4.5m was recognised and was mitigated through access to other areas of funding.

The Chairman agreed with these points, adding that the project was a significant priority for a number of partner organisations.

Voting was then carried out by way of a roll call, and it was unanimously

RESOLVED

To agree to reduce the £10m set aside in the Capital Programme for Other Property/Economic Development Investment, to £4.5m and that this is used to underwrite the developer's contribution, subject to satisfactory security and commercial terms being agreed through a legal agreement.

The Reason for the Decision

To ensure that the business case presented to the Department of Transport is robust.

Other Options Considered

Not to underwrite the developer's contribution.

2849 UPDATE TO LOCAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

Members considered the report of the Place Shaping Manager, which sought amendments to the Local Development Scheme, to reflect the changes to the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) timetable. The Place Shaping Manager briefly presented the report and explained that further changes to the Local Development Scheme were likely, with an anticipated delay in the South Norfolk Village Cluster Plan.

Voting was then carried out by way of a roll call, and it was unanimously

RESOLVED

To RECOMMEND THAT COUNCIL approves the proposed amendments to the current Local Development Scheme.

The Reason for the Decision

To ensure that the Local Development Scheme timetable reflects the amendments to the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP)

Other Options Considered

None.

2850 PROPOSALS ON THE FUTURE GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE BIG SKY COMPANIES

Members considered the report of the Director of Resources, which sought approval to invite the Big Sky Board, to consider a change to the Big Sky Companies governance arrangements.

The Chairman commended the report to members, explaining that the returns from Big Sky were an important and significant part of the Council's Strategy to maintain the level of services it delivered. As projects grew and the level of investment required from the Council to deliver larger sites increased, it became more appropriate to strengthen the governance arrangements.

The Managing Director added that the Council was wanting to build on this success, on what had been an exemplar model, used by other authorities.

Voting was then carried out by way of a roll call, and it was unanimously

RESOLVED

To RECOMMEND THAT COUNCIL invites Big Sky Board to consider

- a. increasing the number of Directors on the Board of Big Sky Ventures by one to a total of three; and
- b. offers two of the above positions to Members drawn from the Council.

The Reason for the Decision

The proposed revised governance arrangements for the wholly owned Big Sky Companies, would reflect the increased investments requested to deliver larger sites.

Other Options Considered

None.

2851 CABINET CORE AGENDA

Members noted the latest version of the Cabinet Core agenda.

2852 EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC AND PRESS

lt was

RESOLVED

To exclude the public and press from the meeting under Section 100A of the Local Government Act 1972 for the following item of business on the grounds that it involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in paragraph 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Act (as amended)

2853 CONTRACT FOR TYRES AND RELATED SERVICES AT THE DEPOT

Members considered the exempt report of the Senior Waste Operations Manager, regarding the contract for tyres and related services at the depot.

The Assistant Director of Community Services briefly outlined the report and Members concurred with its recommendations.

Voting was carried out by way of a roll call and it was unanimously

RESOLVED

To agree the recommendations, as outlined in paragraph 8 of the report.

The Reason for the Decision

To ensure the most cost-effective and value for money option for the Council.

Other Options Considered

None.

(The meeting concluded at 10.12 am)

Chairman



Agenda Item: 5 Cabinet 11 January 2021

Greater Norwich Local Plan – Regulation 19, Presubmission Publication

Report Author(s):	Paul Harris Place Shaping Manager 01603 430444 Paul.harris@broadland.gov.uk
Portfolio:	The Economy and External Affairs

Ward(s) Affected: All

Purpose of the Report:

This report seeks the agreement of Cabinet to publish the Greater Norwich Local Plan under regulation19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012

Recommendations:

1. To agree to publish the Greater Norwich Local Plan under regulation19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012;

and,

2. Delegate authority to the Assistant Director for Planning in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for The Economy and External Affairs to make any minor or factual corrections to the GNLP ahead of its publication.

1. Summary

- 1.1 The Greater Norwich Development Partnership Board has recommended that Broadland District, Norwich City and South Norfolk Councils agree to publish the Regulation 19 Pre-Submission Draft Greater Norwich Local Plan(GNLP). This is the formal publication of the document under regulation19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 to enable representations to come forward that can be considered at examination.
- 1.2 The proposal was reported to the overseeing Greater Norwich Development Partnership Board meetings on the 7 and 16 December 2020. The GNDP reports setting out the detail of the proposals are appended to this report.

2. Background

- 2.1 Broadland District Council, Norwich City Council and South Norfolk Council are working together with Norfolk County Council to prepare the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP). The GNLP builds on the long-established joint working arrangements for Greater Norwich, which delivered the Core Strategy (JCS). The JCS plans for the housing and jobs needs of the area to 2026. The GNLP will ensure that these needs continue to be met to 2038. The GNLP includes strategic planning policies and allocates individual sites for development.
- 2.2 When adopted the GNLP will become part of the Development Plan, and will replace the current Joint Core Strategy and Broadland Site Allocations DPD. The Growth Triangle Area Action Plan and the Broadland District Development Management Policies Document will not be replaced, although there may be elements of the GNLP that add to, amend or replace parts of those documents.
- 2.3 The GNLP is being prepared by a team of officers from Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk. The Greater Norwich Development Partnership Board (GNDP) exercises political leadership for the planning activities carried out jointly by the Greater Norwich Local Planning Authorities. The board is made up of three member from Broadland District Council, Norwich City Council and South Norfolk Council and a member from the Broads Authority. The group is supported in its role by Director level representation from each Local Authority.
- 2.4 It is proposed to publish the GNLP under regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 from 1 February to 15 March 2021. Regulation 19 is part of the formal stage of plan making and follows on early consultations under Regulation 18. Regulation 19 is not a consultation per se but rather allows stakeholders to submit representations in respect of whether the plan is: 1) legally and procedurally compliant; 2) Sound¹; and 3) in compliance with the Duty to Cooperate. Representations made at Regulation 19 will be considered as part of any the independent examination into the GNLP.

¹ Soundness is defined in paragraph 35 of the NPPF and requires a Local Plan to be positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy.

- 2.5 The decision to submit the GNLP for independent examination will need to be taken by Full Council following the completion of the Regulation 19 stage and in light of any representations made.
- 2.6 The GNDP considered the Pre-submission version of the GNLP at its meetings on the 7 and 16 December and agreed to recommend to councils that they should agree to publish the Regulation 19 Pre-Submission Draft Greater Norwich Local Plan Strategy and Sites Document. The GNDP reports related to the Strategy and Sites documents are appended to this report. Appendix 1 is the GNDP report of 7 December on the Strategy, included with the report are the key changes between the proposed Regulation 19 Pre-Submission Draft Greater Norwich Local Plan Strategy and the Regulation 18C document that was previously agree by Cabinet and consulted upon at the start of 2020. Further changes to the strategy that have been made in response to discussions with the GNDP are set out in appendix 2 and 3. Appendix 4 is the report on the Sites document.
- 2.7 The final Regulation 19 Strategy and Sites Documents that are proposed to be published under regulation 19 have been published at: <u>https://www.greaternorwichgrowth.org.uk/planning/greater-norwich-local-plan/regulation-19-cabinet-papers/</u>. Due to the size of the Strategy and Sites Documents they have not be reproduced separately to accompany this report.
- 2.8 The first part of the GNLP is the Strategy element of the document. The Strategy document comprises:
 - A profile of Greater Norwich that describes its key characteristics;
 - the vision and objectives of the plan;
 - statements on how the plan prioritises delivery and addresses climate change issues;
 - 7 strategic policies that set out the overall growth strategy and policies for the the achievement of sustainable communities, environmental protection and enhancement, strategic infrastructure, homes, the economy and the distribution of new homes and commercial /employment uses across the Settlement Hierarchy. The Settlement Hierarchy comprises:
 - the Norwich urban area and fringe parishes within Broadland and South Norfolk;
 - the main towns (including Aylsham, Diss, Long Stratton and Wymondham);
 - the key services centres (including Acle, Blofield, Brundall, Hethersett, Hingham, Loddon and Chedgrave, Poringland, Reepham and Wroxham);
 - o the village clusters across Broadland and South Norfolk; and,
 - o small scale windfall housing development and new settlements;

- a suite of appendices setting out infrastructure requirements, a glossary, the monitoring framework, details of retained and superseded plans, an explanation of the number of homes allocated to village cluster areas in Broadland, a housing trajectory, and a list of places that may have further development under the windfall housing development policy.
- 2.9 The detail content of these sections is set out within the strategy document available via the weblink provided, with further explanation in the GNDP reports referred to in paragraph 2.6 and appended to this report. For the sake of brevity, further detail of the policies is not provided here.
- 2.10 The second part of the strategy is the sites document which contains the allocation of site to deliver the GNLP strategy. This includes undeveloped allocations carried forward from the Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk Local Plans alongside new allocations for housing, employment, mixed uses (typically a mixture of housing and employment), recreation, open space and community uses.
- 2.11 The sites document is divided into chapters that comprises: Norwich and the fringe parishes, Main Towns, Key Service Centres, Broadland Village Clusters; and, non-residential allocations in South Norfolk villages. Maps and sites policies for each of the allocated sites. A contingency site for circa 800 homes at Costessey has also been included, with specific triggers for its release.
- 2.12 The allocation of land for housing development in the South Norfolk Village Cluster area is not included as this is being taken forward separately through the preparation of the South Norfolk Village Cluster Housing Allocation Plan.

3. Current position/findings

- 3.1 The adopted Development Plan makes provision for the housing and economic growth needs of the area to 2026, although some provision for development beyond this period is made within the Growth Triangle Area in Broadland.
- 3.2 The adopted development plan for South Norfolk comprises the:
 - Joint Core Strategy for Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk, adopted March 2011, with amendments adopted January 2014
 - Development Management Policies Document, adopted October 2015
 - Site Specific Allocations and Policies Document, adopted October 2015
 - Wymondham Area Action Plan, adopted October 2015
 - Long Stratton Area Action Plan, adopted May 2016
 - Adopted Neighbourhood Plans
- 3.3 When completed the GNLP will become part of the Development Plan, and will replace the current Joint Core Strategy and Site Specific Allocations and Policies Document. In doing so it will ensure that the Strategic Policies remain up-to-date and that the housing and jobs needs of the area continue to be met to 2038.

- 3.4 In respect of managing development through the determination of planning applications, to the extent that the adopted development plan policies are material to an application for planning permission the decision to grant or refuse permission must be taken in accordance with the development plan unless there are material considerations that indicate otherwise.
- 3.5 Whilst policies of the development plan do not become "out-of-date" simply through the passage of time, it is important that plans are kept up-to-date in order to ensure that the policies that they contain carry full weight in the determination of planning applications.
- 3.6 In its Planning for the Future document published in March 2020, government also set out its intention to set a deadline of December 2023 for all local authorities to have an up-to-date local plan. Indicating that government will prepare to intervene where local authorities fail to do so.
- 3.7 The GNLP will not replace the Wymondham or Long Stratton Area Action Plans or the Development Management Policies Document, although there may be elements of the GNLP that add to, amend or replace parts of those documents.
- 3.8 Further consideration will be given to the need to update those plans not to be replaced will be considered once the GNLP is adopted and in light of any wider changes to the planning system as consulted on by government in the Planning for the Future White Paper, August 2020.

4. Proposed action

4.1 It is proposed that Cabinet approve the draft GNLP for publication under regulation
 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations
 2012 from 1 February to 15 March 2021.

5. Other options

- 5.1 Cabinet may seek amendments to the draft GNLP prior to its publication or resolve not to approve the draft GNLP for publication.
- 5.2 Any amendments would however need to be agreed independently by each of the three Councils. Therefore, any decision to propose amendments would therefore likely revert to the GNLP for further discussions between the Councils representatives and would lead to delays in the publications of the draft GNLP. Such delays may be substantial as publication is likely to need to be delayed until after the purdah period for the Norwich City elections between the end of March and early May.
- 5.3 A resolution not to approve the GNLP for publication would also cause significant delay in the adoption of the plan. The length of such a delay would depend on the reasons given for determining not to give such approval.

6. Issues and risks

- 6.1 **Resource Implications** The GNLP is produced under an agreed budget with contributions from the three councils. Existing staff resources from each of the three authorities is also utilised to support the production of the plan. Delays in the progress of the plan are likely result in further costs being borne by each of the three authorities.
- 6.2 **Legal Implications** When adopted the GNLP will become part of the Development Plan for the area. In accordance with section 70(2) of the Town and County Planning Act 1990 and section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, To the extent that development plan policies are material to an application for planning permission the decision must be taken in accordance with the development plan unless there are material considerations that indicate otherwise.

Section 3 sets out the implications for decision making of maintaining an up-todate Development Plan.

- 6.3 **Equality Implications** An equalities impact assessment is being produced alongside the GNLP. It is intended that the assessment related to the Regulation 19 draft GNLP, will be published at https://www.greaternorwichgrowth.org.uk/planning/greater-norwich-local-plan/regulation-19-cabinet-papers/, prior to the documents consideration by Cabinet.
- 6.4 **Environmental Impact** The GNLP has been subject to Sustainability Appraisal (Incorporating Strategic Environmental Assessment) and Habitat Regulations Assessment. It is intended that the assessments related to the Regulation 19 draft GNLP, will be published at https://www.greaternorwichgrowth.org.uk/planning/greater-norwich-local-plan/regulation-19-cabinet-papers/, prior to the documents consideration by

Cabinet.

- 6.5 **Crime and Disorder** Policy 2 of the Regulation 19 draft of the GNLP requires development proposals to "create inclusive, resilient and safe communities.
- 6.6 Risks The Regulation 19 draft of the GNLP has been prepared under an accelerated timetable. As such it was not possible to carry out the Regulation 18D consultation that was agreed by the GNDP board on 10th July 2020 and subsequently agreed by councils' through updates to their Local Development Schemes (LDS).

A number of mitigations measures have been put in place through the acceleration programme to minimise the additional risk posed by removing this stage of consultation.

7. Conclusion

- 7.1 For the reasons set out in section three, the timely progress of the GNLP is important in order to ensure that the Council's Development Plan remains effective and that the policies of the Development Plan continue to have full weight in the determination of planning application.
- 7.2 The GNDP Board has overseen and scrutinised the emerging GNLP and have recommended that councils agree to Publish the draft GNLP under regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 from 1 February to 15 March 2021.

8. Recommendations

- 8.1 Cabinet to agree to:
 - 1. Publish the draft GNLP under regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 from 1 February to 15 March 2021;

and,

2. Delegate authority to the Assistant Director for Planning in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for The Economy and External Affairs to make any minor or factual corrections to the GNLP ahead of its publication.

Background papers

None.

Report title	Greater Norwich Local Plan Regulation 19 Publication Stage –
	Interim Pre-submission Draft Strategy for representations on soundness and legal compliance
Date	7 th December 2020
Recommendation	1
That the Board:	

- Recommends to the councils that they should agree to publish the Regulation 19
 Pre-submission Draft Greater Norwich Local Plan Strategy appended to this report
 for representations on soundness and legal compliance;
- Delegates authority to directors to make changes agreed today and at the GNDP meeting on 16th December, plus other minor changes to the plan, prior to it being reported to councils in January.

Introduction

- The Draft Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) consists of two parts. These are the Strategy and the Sites document. This report covers the Regulation 19 presubmission Strategy (see appendix 1). The Regulation 19 Sites document will be considered by the GNDP on December 16th.
- 2. The GNDP meeting on 30th September 2020 agreed a revised timetable for plan preparation and instructed officers to prepare a Regulation 19 pre-submission version of the plan for consideration by the GNDP Board in December 2020. The agreed timetable is summarised below:

Timetable revised September 2020		
Reg. 19 plan endorsed by GNDP	From 7 December 2020	
Cabinets agree Reg. 19 plan	Mid-January 2021	
Reg. 19 publication for soundness and legal compliance	1 February – 15 March 2021	
Submission of the GNLP to the Secretary of State	July 2021	
Public Examination	Nov/Dec 2021	
Consultation on proposed main modifications	Mar/Apr 22	
Publication of Inspector's report	July 22	
Adoption of the Greater Norwich Local Plan	Sept 22	

3. This report, including the comprehensive version of the draft Regulation 19 plan, shows that the great majority of the work on the strategy has been completed. It

also covers the evidence base and identifies that some elements of this will be developed further ahead of submission of the plan in summer 2021.

- 4. The draft Regulation 19 plan has an end date of 2038. This is needed to conform with current national planning requirements. However, it should be noted that due to the Government's commitment to reform plan-making, it is highly likely that the GNLP will be superseded by a subsequent local plan produced under the new planning system within a few years of its adoption.
- 5. This means that the GNLP will play an important role in providing continuity between the present and new plan-making systems. In line with clear guidance from the Government that plan-making should continue ahead of the implementation of the new system, the GNLP's adoption scheduled for 2022 will allow us to address housing need, plan for jobs growth and to protect and enhance our special environment in the near future.
- 6. The GNLP strategy also provides a "direction of travel" for the longer term by identifying opportunities for growth which could be taken forward to meet additional needs for the next local plan. By having a specific policy on the issue, it establishes that a significant part of this long-term need will be met in a future plan through the development of a new settlement or settlements.
- 7. This is supported by the GNLP providing a timetable for work on new settlements to be progressed in tandem with taking this plan to adoption. This will allow the long process of choosing appropriate sites for a new settlement or settlements to be finalised through the next plan.

The Regulation 19 stage

- 8. It is important to note that, as the Regulation 18 consultation stage has informed the content of the plan, the Regulation 19 stage is not a general consultation.
- 9. Its role is to seek comments on soundness and legal compliance to assist:
 - members in deciding whether to submit the GNLP for examination in summer this year;
 - \circ $\,$ the government appointed Planning Inspector to decide on the content of that examination.
- Respondents to the Regulation 19 Publication version of the plan will be directed to government advice on soundness matters in the National Planning Policy Framework¹.

¹ Available <u>here</u>. See paragraph 35.

The Strategy

11. Significant headway has been made with producing the Regulation 19 strategy so that a comprehensive draft is attached. This will require updates before it is considered by cabinets in January to allow its publication. The recommendation for his report delegates authority to directors to make any changes to the appended document which are agreed today and at the GNDP meeting on 16th December. Some limited updates will also be produced to further improve the already detailed evidence base (see below).

Changes to the Strategy

- 12. The key change between the Regulation 18C draft plan consulted on early in 2020 and the Regulation 19 draft plan appended to this report is that overall housing numbers have been increased by just over 5,000 homes.
- 13. The reason for this change is that while the strategy continues to address local housing need as identified using the 2014-based projections as required by the Government's standard methodology, it also recognises that the 2018-based projections for Greater Norwich indicate that household growth may be higher. This also responds to the likely direction of travel for higher housing numbers for the area strongly indicated by Government.
- 14. The strategy does this by including a significant buffer (22%). Table 1 below from the appended Regulation 19 strategy sets out how the resulting total housing figure from 2018 to 2038 for the GNLP has been established and will be provided for. This includes the plan making use of a proportion (around 30%) of its projected windfall delivery as a windfall allowance and an estimated number of homes to be provided on small sites through policy 7.5.
- 15. A contingency site for 800 homes at Costessey remains in the GNLP but is not included in the overall housing numbers below. Along with the significant buffer, this helps to ensure that housing needs will be met through the plan.

	Number of Homes		Explanation
Α	Local housing need (2018	40,541	The minimum local housing need figure has
	to 2038)		been identified using the Government's
			standard methodology using 2014-based
			projections as required by transitional
			arrangements for plan-making.
В	Delivery 2018/2019 and	5,240	The number of homes built in 2018/2019 and
	2019/20		2019/20 (including student accommodation
			and housing for the elderly).
С	Existing commitment (at	31,398	The existing commitment is the undelivered
	April 2020) to be		sites which are already allocated and/or
	delivered to 2038		permitted, with parts of or whole sites unlikely
	(including uplift on		to be delivered by 2038 excluded. Uplifts on
	allocated sites)		existing allocations made through this plan are
			included here.
D	New allocations	10,694	These are the homes to be provided on new
			sites allocated through the GNLP (9,107), the
			South Norfolk Village Clusters Housing Sites
			Allocation Plan (1,200) and the Diss and area
			Neighbourhood Plan (200).
E	Homes delivered through	800	Policy 7.5 provides for delivery of 3 to 5 homes
	policy 7.5		on small scale sites adjacent to settlement
			boundaries or on infill sites within
			recognisable group of dwellings ² .
F	Windfall allowance 1,360		There is a limited reliance on windfall sites.
			Evidence provides an estimated around 4,450
			homes resulting from windfall development
			during the remainder of the plan period. As
			windfall is likely to remain robustly high this
			allows part of this evidenced windfall delivery
			to be used to demonstrate delivery of some of
			the total housing figure.
B + C +	Total housing figure	49,492	Delivery (B), commitments (C), new allocations
D + E +			(D), homes delivered through policy 7.5 (E) and
F			the windfall allowance (F). This provides a 22%
			buffer to cater for the potential for higher
			growth rates. It also mitigates any risk of non-
			delivery of sites to ensure delivery of local
			housing need.

Table 1 Establishing the Plan's total housing figure (table 6 in the appended strategy)

² See policy 7.5 and appendix 7 for further information.

- 16. Table 2 below summarises the changes which have been made to the strategy following Regulation 18C consultation early in 2020. It also provides a justification for those changes.
- 17. Further information on the changes to housing numbers is also in table 2. This includes the locations identified for further growth in comparison with the Regulation 18C draft version of the plan, along with the limited number of sites which are no longer included in the plan.

Chapter/Police	y Summary of Changes	Reason for Changes
	Introductory Sections	5
Foreword	Wording provided in separate document for consideration today.	To provide an update so that the text is suitable for the submission document.
1. Introductio	 Clarification of the plan being produced under the Government's transitional arrangements, the role of the strategy and which policies are strategic. Revised text emphasises that the GNLP provides continuity and an excellent basis for the new planning system promoted through "Planning for the Future". 	To reflect changes that will result from "Planning for the Future", including the GNLP providing the strategic context for other plans.
	Updated references to the proposed ban on the sale of new petrol and diesel cars now starting in 2030.	In response to consultation comments and government announcements.
2. Greater Norwich Profile	Clarification of the role of the spatial portrait in identifying the current situation and key issues locally rather than setting policy.	In response to comments from a number of consultees, largely on factual issues, including Natural England, Historic England and the Environment Agency.
	Clarifications to the text and various updates to data and maps.	
3. Vision and Objectives	Changed to increase the emphasis on:	In response to comments from a number of consultees including Natural England, Historic England, the Environment Agency, the Highways Agency, Active Norfolk and the Town and Country Planning Association (TCPA).

4.	Delivery and Climate Change Statements	 health care, promoting healthy lifestyles/active travel and reducing the need to travel; 5. housing affordability; 6. the potential for economic change in Greater Norwich to assist the shift to a post-carbon economy and on increased productivity; 7. the role of the agri-tech and research sectors in living with environmental change and ensuring food security and 8. the increased role of home and remote working. Limited updates to the Delivery Statement to reflect the likely replacement of CIL by the Infrastructure Levy. 	Changes also reflect current and emerging economic changes and the publication of the draft Local Industrial Strategy.		
		Continued use of nationally produced district wide data for carbon emissions and the link to national carbon reduction targets in plan will be retained (some consultees had suggested having local monitoring and targets).	No change to the monitoring for climate change as it is neither possible nor desirable to set up plan specific monitoring. Contributing to lowering emissions to help meet targets nationally reflects the role local plans can play among many other plans and initiatives in tackling climate change.		
	The Strategy				
Th	licy 1 e Growth rategy	Explanation included on the use of transitional arrangements to determine the housing numbers for this plan.	To clarify how the plan is being taken forward under the changes introduced by the supporting documents for "Planning for the Future".		

	The strategy now includes opportunities for an additional 5,000 homes, though no changes have been made to the overall hierarchy.	Changes have been mad the opportunity and flex accommodate around 5, additional homes to reco the 2018-based househo indicate that growth may than in the 2014-based p which are used in the pla additional growth is in the locations and from the for sources:	ibility to 000 ognise that old projections y be higher projections an. The ne following
		Location/source	Homes
		East Norwich	2,000
		Sites in Colney (200),	840
		Cringleford (50),	
		Harleston (150), Wymondham (50), Aylsham (250) and Acle (140).	
		Delivery from policy 7.5	800
		Windfall allowance	1,360
		TOTAL	5,000
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Limited further updates to housing numbers in tables.	To reflect updated comm including housing windfa permission in 2019/20 an site numbers and allocat	alls granted nd changes to
Policy 2 Sustainable	Stating that the indicative densities are net rather than gross in policy, with a resulting need to amend the glossary to define the terms.	To provide clarity and su focus on appropriate den different parts of the are the intentions of "Planni Future".	nsities in a in line with
Communities	Expansion of the landscape clause of the policy to refer to local character including landscape, townscape and heritage.	Primarily in response to England's view that the p on landscape was too na	previous focus

	Inclusion of a requirement for public art	In response to further internal review
	(where appropriate).	of policies, this is a successful part of
		existing JCS policy.
	The addition of a viability clause to the	In response to viability considerations.
	energy efficiency element of the policy.	If the "Future Homes Standard"
		(scheduled for 2020) is implemented
		as consulted on and preferred by
		government in 2019, there will be no
		need to retain a local energy
		efficiency requirement as higher
		standards than those currently
		proposed in the GNLP will be required
		nationally.
	Text and policy to refer to the newly	To reflect recent publication of this
	published National Design Guide.	guidance and in line with "Planning
	published National Design Guide.	for the Future".
	Replace reference to the optional use of	To reflect the updating of <i>Building for</i>
	"Building for Life 12" (or any successor)	Life 12 to Building for a Healthy Life
	to promote good urban design on	urban design tool. This change to
	housing developments with "Building for	Building for Life has been made to
	a Healthy Life" (or any successor).	place a greater focus on design
		promoting active lifestyles. Using the
		optional standard in this plan helps to
		ensure that good urban design is a
		priority ahead of the likely future
		requirement of site-specific design
		codes set out in "Planning for the
		Future".
	The "requirement" for masterplan /	In response to consultation comments
	community engagement on 200+	– encouragement more closely
	dwelling sites is replaced by	reflects NPPF policy.
	"encouragement".	
	Amendments to water management and	To reflect consultation comments,
	flood risk policy.	primarily from the Environment
		Agency, and to better reflect NPPF
		policy.
•		

	Duilt and Listoria Fraincass ant	To reflect concerns overseed by
	 Built and Historic Environment Substantial amendments to the text and policy including: A reference to the need for developers to make use of existing guidance on historic areas, such as conservation area appraisals, along with documents produced by Historic England, particularly concerning tall buildings; A policy requirement to undertake Heritage Impact 	To reflect concerns expressed by consultees, particularly from Historic England, over the perceived lack of detail in policies. The revised wording has involved discussions over the level of detail which is appropriate in a strategic plan and the role that existing development management policies and supplementary guidance such as conservation area appraisals play in relation to the historic environment.
	Assessments where required.	
Policy 3	 Clearer language on harm to and retention of historic assets. 	
Environmental Protection and	Natural Environment	
Enhancement	Greater clarity on policy requirements for natural environment assessments.	In response to a perceived lack of detailed policy requirements from the EA and NE.
	A policy requirement for 10% biodiversity net gain.	This previously flagged up approach reflects the passage of the Environment Bill through parliament and comments from the EA and NE, amongst others.
	Revised text and policy on mitigating impacts on HRA Directive protected sites through the provision of informal greenspace and payments to make the sites themselves resilient, with the amount to be confirmed shortly through the NSPF funded study (likely just over £200 per home).	This approach has been worked on for a number of years and is important to ensure that the GNLP meets legal requirements.
Policy 4 Strategic	Updates to text on transport issues. Inclusion of "changing attitudes to	To reflect the passage of time since the Reg. 18C draft plan was produced. To reflect its inclusion as part of the
Infrastructure	travel" as an aim of the Transport for Norwich Strategy.	Transport for Norwich Strategy.

	Deletion of reference in policy to the	To reflect the fact that there is
	Deletion of reference in policy to the cross-valley link, with a reference to its inclusion in Transport for Norwich included in the text.	currently no scheme for this proposal.
	Limited changes to the text and policy re. water infrastructure.	In response to comments from Anglian Water.
	Possible updates to appendix 1 setting out the infrastructure requirements to support growth (including health care provision).	Work is ongoing on updates to the Greater Norwich Local Plan Infrastructure Needs Report (GNLPINR) which informs the content of appendix 1. The work is scheduled to be completed by the end of the year and any resulting updates will be included in the Reg. 19 plan to be considered by Cabinets in January.
Policy 5 Homes	Minor changes to clarify that standard affordable housing obligations apply to purpose-build student accommodation.	In response to further internal review of policies.
	Text has been amended to make it clear that to meet the need for specialist retirement units as well as other forms of specialised housing, policy 5 supports delivery of such accommodation on housing sites with good access to local services including on sites allocated for residential use. The aim of this is to integrate older people and others with specialist housing needs with the wider community. Some specific site allocations are also made to help to meet the need. This approach means that it is not necessary or desirable to meet the full need through specific allocations. Further to this, the text now clarifies that: • Development management officers will ensure that the need for specialist housing for the elderly and others with	The clarification is in response to the recent publication of county wide evidence showing that there is a need for 3,857 specialist retirement units (sheltered or extra care housing) to 2038. The recent permission for a care home for the elderly and supported living units for adults with learning difficulties on the R18 Mousehold Lane allocated housing site on the outer ring road in Norwich illustrates that sites will come forward to meet specialised needs. This is because there is a clear demand for such accommodation.
	specialised needs is considered on all housing schemes and	

	 advise applicants on the most upto-date evidence of need; On site allocations with an element of specialist housing in the policy (Taverham, Harleston, Aylsham and Barrack Street, Norwich) are included in the plan; A specific allocation for such accommodation has now been made at Colney Hall. 	
	Policy 5 includes a criteria-based approach for considering Gypsies and Travellers and Travelling Show People sites. Outside of the local plan process, work remains to generate a supply of sites for Gypsies and Travellers and Travelling Show People.	Sites have not been submitted to the GNLP. Consequently, work is ongoing to confirm that current evidenced need is correct (51 pitches for Gypsies and Travellers from 2022 to 2028 and a Travelling Show Peoples' site) and to provide sites through the planning application process to meet that need.
Policy 6 the Economy (including retail)	 Text amended to reflect current economic uncertainty. Policy changes on the economy: Clarify that opportunities for sustainable access to employment sites should be maximised through development proposals and infrastructure investment; Change terminology to reflect the NSPF, identifying "key strategic employment sites" (consequential changes to policy 1 and the key diagram required); Provide minor clarifications on the airport site leading to minor changes to employment land allocation figures overall. Further updates to evidence-based text and policy on economic growth potential, the amount of employment land needed and key trends in employment location will be made on completion of the addendum (see box to the right). 	Changes reflect consultation responses and current economic uncertainty, whilst retaining overall national policy approach of having a retail hierarchy, supporting growth in centres and allowing for increased flexibility. An addendum is being produced to the 2017 GVA Economy, Retail, Town Centres Study which is to be completed by the end of November 2020. This provides advice on any further policy updates required beyond those made in response to the consultation which can be incorporated into the Reg.19 plan ahead of their consideration by cabinets in January 2021.

[
Updates on retail text and policy to reflect current growth in locally based		
	retailing and promote active travel to	
	local facilities. The policy and text now:	
	1. Set out the hierarchy of centres	
	across the area;	
	2. Encourage development in all	
	centres and, outside defined	
	centres, small scale businesses to	
	serve local areas, including	
	villages;	
	3. Reference the promotion of new	
	local centres in the site-specific	
	policies for all strategic housing	
	developments (over 1,000	
	homes);	
	4. Require a flexible approach in	
	centres to allow diversification	
	while retaining their role as	
	economic and community hubs.	
	Please note that DM policies already set	
	parameters for development at	
	Longwater and the Showground, whilst	
	some updates on providing a local centre	
	are being considered for the	
	Showground site allocation policy.	
Policy 7 Strategy	for Areas of Growth	
	Updated housing numbers and	To reflect the collation of 2019/20
	proportions of housing growth in this	figures, changes over time and the
	area.	sites added or uplifted, reflecting the
		deliverability of the added homes and
		to recognise that the 2018-based
		projections indicate that growth may
		be higher.
	Delete reference to the high proportion	In response to consultation
7.1 The Norwich	of retail floorspace in the area currently	comments.
urban area	being in the city centre – draft plan	
including the	figures now out-of-date and updates not	
fringe parishes	available.	
	Text and policy changes to refer to:	In response to consultation comments
		from Historic England, Natural
	 conserving and enhancing the historic environment, design in 	England and further internal review of
	historic environment, design in	policies.
	the city centre (removing the	
	reference to landmark buildings	
	at gateways) and to clarify the	

	 development to achieve long- term strategic aims; retention of the leisure area and late-night activity zone; national changes to the Use Class Order; protection of Carrow Abbey CWS in the East Norwich proposals; Development at Norwich Research Park and Easton & Honingham employment areas addressing transport and infrastructure impacts. Change Map 9 showing strategic growth areas to correct error. Other policy changes to housing numbers at sites, growth locations and overall to reflect: Updated commitment 2019/20; Added sites at the CC15 Norwich Mail Centre at Thorpe Road (+150) and CC13 the car park site at Lower Clarence Road (+45), Norwich, CC2 Ber Street (+20), GNLP0159R Beech Avenue, Taverham (+12) Deleted sites at R35 Havers Road (-80), GNLP2159 – Ber Street (- 150), and a reduction in site size 	In response to the further internal review of the plan. As above, to reflect the collation of 2019/20 figures, changes over time and the sites added or uplifted.
	R31 Waterworks Road (-90). Additional homes to reflect 2018-based ho Norwich, Colney Hall and Cringleford (see site for 800.	
	Updates on numbers to reflect windfall permissions in 19/20. Long Stratton – no changes	To reflect the collation of 2019/20 figures.
7.2 Main towns	Aylsham – a reasonable alternative site for 250 homes off the Norwich Road, including specialist retirement homes, has been added.	To seffect the second
	Diss – amended text states the housing requirement for new allocations remains	To reflect the commitment to a Neighbourhood Plan to include some

		
	at 400. The key Frontier site neighbouring the railway station (for 200 homes) will be allocated through the GNLP and the remaining 200 homes will be allocated through sites in the Diss and District Neighbourhood Plan.	of the site allocations for Diss in accordance with the strategic direction from the GNLP.
	 Wymondham Delete the 1,000-home contingency; uplift numbers on Johnson's Farm site from 50 to 100 homes. Harleston 	Additional homes to reflect deliverability of added homes and to recognise that the 2018-based projections indicate that growth may be higher (see above).
	 150 homes uplift on site in the south-east of Harleston (mainly homes for the elderly). 	
	Updates on numbers to reflect updated commitment in 19/20. 140 additional homes on a site extension	
7.3 Key service centres	on the west side of Acle providing a link road (total 320).	
	Addition of 40 homes on a revised site in Chedgrave (total 60).	
7.4 Village clusters	 Updates on numbers to reflect updated commitment in 19/20 and to reflect: changed site in Lingwood; deletion of small site in Honingham; expansion of preferred site to add 20 homes in Horsham St. Faith (total 50). 	To reflect the collation of 2019/20 figures and in response to consultation comments.
	Inclusion of employment allocation extension at Horsham St. Faith.	In response to consultation comments.
	Include policy reference to the potential for some expansion of existing small and medium sized employment sites within settlement boundaries.	
7.5 Small scale windfall housing development	Change to the policy and inclusion of an appendix to allow development of up to 5 homes on small sites in the plan period in larger parishes. The definition of "larger" is based on the number of homes in a parish in 2020. The limit has	To better reflect the greater range of services available in larger parishes, support village life and allow more opportunities for small-scale builders. The presentation of the policy has
	been kept at 3 homes in smaller	been amended to a criteria-based

	parishes. The parishes in the two categories are listed in a new appendix 7.	format to make it more legible now that it includes greater complexity.
	The policy has also been revised slightly in terms of its presentation.	
New policy 7.6 on New Settlements	A policy and supporting text has been included which commits to one or more new settlements being brought forward through the next plan.	To reflect the key role that new settlements will play in meeting growth needs in the next plan and to enable work to start on this in tandem with the GNLP plan-making process.

Evidence

- A consequence of the shortened timetable for producing the Reg 19 GNLP has been the challenge of updating the relevant studies that comprise the plan's evidence base.
- 19. There are two supporting documents that have to be produced with the local plan: a Sustainability Appraisal (that assesses potential social, economic and environmental impacts) and Habitat Regulations Assessment (on potential impacts on European wildlife sites). These are progressed in tandem with the local plan and are used to inform decisions on the local plan and whether it is appropriate, and as such are key components of the plan's evidence base.
- 20. Work on other evidence studies (eg Water Cycle Study, Viability Assessment, Strategic Flood-Risk Assessment) is also progressing. Initial work on these documents has fed into previous stages of the plan and in formulating the draft Regulation 19 plan.
- 21. An interim Viability report is due for completion by early December, drafts of the SA and HRA reports are expected from the consultants in mid-December; and drafts of the other evidence studies are also expected to be available for the cabinets, though there is the possibility that they will not be fully completed by then. It is expected that the documents will be at a sufficient stage for cabinets to approve the Regulation 19 plan for publication. It would be prudent to have a proviso that this is subject to any subsequently received reports / studies not raising major issues that would require significant changes to be made to the draft plan. A decision on such a situation could be delegated to Directors.
- 22. Ultimately, the decision on whether the plan is sound and should be submitted to the Secretary of State will be made by the councils in summer 2021 having regard to the full evidence base and representations received on the Regulation 19 Plan.

Conclusions

- 23. The Regulation 19 GNLP strategy develops the strong draft plan we have produced through three previous consultations. Updates to the broad evidence base have been made and this broad evidence base can be further supplemented prior to submission to aid the Inspector at examination, in particular to take account of rapidly changing economic circumstances.
- 24. The GNDP recommendation that the councils should progress the GNLP to the Regulation 19 stage in early 2021 will allow us to implement the clear government guidance to progress plan-making.

Schedule of Changes to GNLP strategy v 1.4 to v 1.5

This schedule sets out proposed changes to the GNLP Strategy resulting from discussions at the Greater Norwich Development Partnership on December 7th. V. 1.5 of the GNLP strategy is also available on the GNDP web site.

lssue	Policy/Para in v1.5	Reason for change	Revised text (revised text in red) for v1.5
Section 1 Intro	oduction		
South Norfolk Villages Plan	Paras. 30 to 32	To better explain the reasons for the production of the South Norfolk villages plan and to update on its progress	 30. The Draft GNLP promotes housing choice and supports economic activity within the rural parishes that surround market towns and key service centres. It also aims to provide a greater degree of opportunity for smaller builders to develop with their local supply chains and bespoke designs. Such development helps address rural housing need and demand and supports and sustains local services and facilities in the rural area, such as village schools, community venues, shops, pubs and bus services. Recently, the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic have strengthened the shift to 'working from home' and reduced the need to travel frequently to central locations to work. The wider availability of faster and more reliable broadband has resulted in a change in the desirability of more rural properties in village locations. 31. South Norfolk has twice as many parishes as neighbouring Broadland, more market town catchments (including around Beccles and Bungay in Suffolk), significantly less urban fringe, and a substantially larger rural territory. Rural South Norfolk includes two key strategic employment areas, at Hethel and Wymondham, and has a number of villages associated with the Cambridge Norwich Tech Corridor. 32. Consequently, South Norfolk Council is preparing a separate and complementary village clusters plan covering sites for small-scale housing in the rural parishes of South Norfolk that collectively form primary school clusters. The Broadland village clusters form part of this Greater Norwich Local Plan. The aim is to progress the South Norfolk Village Clusters Housing Allocations Local Plan as quickly as possible, with an aspiration for every village cluster to have new housing sites allocated with a focus on smaller sites, and be in accordance with

Section 2 Great Cambridge Norwich Tech Corridor	er Norwich Prof i Map 1, after para. 71	i le To provide an updated map from the	the overarching GNLP strategy which identifies sites for a minimum of 1,200 additional homes (on top of the existing commitment of 1,392 homes). Therefore, it is not one of the objectives of the GNLP to identify the village clusters in South Norfolk and consequential housing allocation sites in these areas. See revised map below this table.
contaor		Cambridge Norwich Tech Corridor team	
Policy 1 The Str	ategy	1	1
Housing numbers and buffer	Revisions to table 6 (after para. 178)	To amend commitment figures to include allocations for 250 homes being in the Diss and district Neighbourhood Plan and to add reference to the 22% housing buffer in the plan for clarity	Row D - These are the homes to be provided on new sites allocated through the GNLP (9,254), the South Norfolk Village Clusters Housing Sites Allocation Plan (1,200) and the Diss and area Neighbourhood Plan (250). (<i>Consequential amendments have also been made in</i> <i>paras. 180 and 353 on the housing figures for Diss and in</i> <i>the Sites document to allocate the Frontier Site adjacent</i> <i>to the railway station for 150 homes through the GNLP</i>). Row G - This provides a buffer of 22% to cater for the potential for higher growth rates.
Policy 2 Sustain	able Communiti	es	
Hydrogen	Table 8 Key Issues addressed by policy 2 (New technologies section) – after para. 199	To include a reference to the potential for hydrogen powered vehicles	The policy also provides the basis for more detailed supplementary planning documents for measures to support new technologies in times of rapid change, including the use of electric and possibly hydrogen vehicles.
Policy 3 Enviror	nmental Protecti	on and Enhancemen	t
Green Infrastructure Corridors (GI)	Insert a map of the GI corridors for the Norwich urban area (Map 8B)	To complement the existing Greater Norwich wide GI map by providing clarity on the extent of	See the new map below this table. Map 8A is the existing map showing Green infrastructure covering the whole Greater Norwich area and Map 8B focuses on the Norwich Urban Area in more detail. Amended references have been made to the GI maps accordingly.

Policy 4 Infrast	tructure	the GI corridors within the Norwich urban area. The scale of the current mapping makes this difficult to see.	
Hydrogen	Para. 243	To include a further reference to the potential for hydrogen powered vehicles	243. Policy 4 recognises that Greater Norwich is a mixed urban and rural area in which travel and access issues vary, with the use of the private car being particularly important to the rural economy. It is anticipated that the shift to electric and possibly hydrogen vehicles will assist in reducing emissions in rural areas.
Policy 5 Home	S		
Affordable Housing on brownfield sites	Additional text in para. 270 Additional clause in policy 5	Amended to reflect updated viability evidence and to advice in national planning practice guidance	 270. The most recent viability study findings which conclude that centrally located brownfield sites which have higher development costs which affect viability are generally able to provide 28% affordable housing. As national planning guidance makes it clear that where applicants can demonstrate particular circumstances that justify the need for a viability assessment at the planning application stage , the policy provides some flexibility on this point for brownfield sites where exceptional costs are more likely. In addition, the introduction by the government of Vacant Building Credit enables existing vacant floorspace on a site to be discounted in order to lower the affordable housing requirement, with aim of incentivising development on brownfield sites; Major residential development proposals and purposebuilt student accommodation will provide: at least 33% affordable housing on-site across the plan area, except in Norwich City Centre where the requirement is at least 28%, unless the site is allocated in a Neighbourhood Plan for a different percentage of affordable housing, or for brownfield sites where the applicant can demonstrate that particular circumstances justify the need for a viability assessment at decision-making stage;

Policy 6 – the Economy

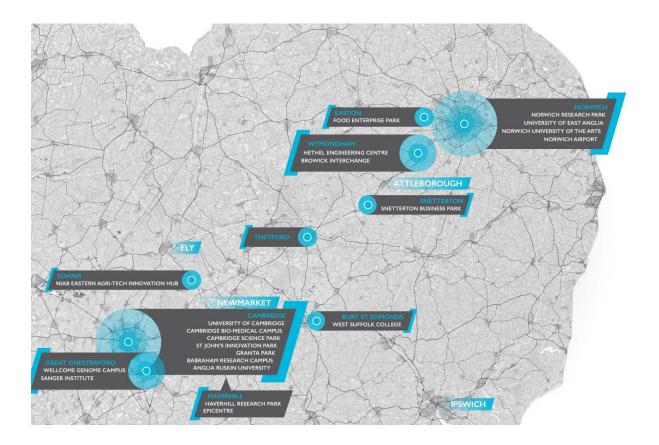
Updates to take account of recent evidence will be sent out prior to the GNDP meeting and discussed on December 16th

Policy 7 Growth areas

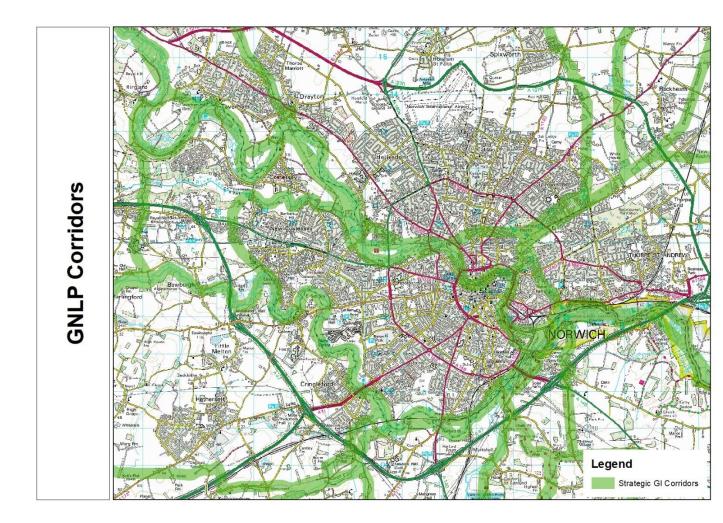
	1	1	
East Norwich masterplan	Para. 328	To update on progress on the East Norwich masterplan	328. To ensure growth is co-ordinated, overcomes local constraints and is well-designed in a sensitive location in and adjacent to the Broads Authority area, the policy requires regeneration to be guided by an area- wide masterplan supplementary planning document. The masterplan will be produced by consultants, with support from the site landowners and other partners in the East Norwich Partnership (a new public sector led partnership led by the city council) including Homes England and Network Rail. Funding is available, including external funding from the Towns Fund, to progress the masterplan and other measures so that the masterplan's findings can inform this strategy and other possible blockages to progress can be addressed.
Strategic Gaps	Paras. 364 and 370	To provide more detail on the strategic gap between Wymondham and Hethersett	 364. The strategic gaps identified through this plan and other policies in the development plan aim to prevent coalescence of Wymondham and Hethersett. The gap between the two settlements is focussed on Kett's Oak. 370. Strategic gaps identified through this plan and detailed in development management policies between Wymondham and Hethersett, focussed on Kett's Oak, and Hethersett and Cringleford, aim to prevent the settlements joining up.
Appendix 2 Glos	ssary		
Hydrogen	Addition to renewable energy definition in glossary	To include a reference to the potential for hydrogen power as a form of renewable energy	Renewable energy Energy generated from sources which are non-finite or can be replenished. Includes solar power, wind energy, power generated from waste, biomass, hydrogen etc.
Appendix 8 Sup	erseded Policies		
Superseded Policies appendix	Delete reference to the need for an additional appendix on superseded policies	As the introductory section (paras. 22 to 26) and appendix 4 already	Reference to appendix 8 deleted.

adequately cover	
this issue.	

Revised map 1



Map 8B Green Infrastructure Corridors in the Norwich Urban Area



Schedule of Changes to GNLP strategy v 1.5 to v 1.6

This schedule sets out proposed further changes to the GNLP Strategy from version 1.5, which was placed on the GNDP website on December 10th, to version 1.6. These further changes will be considered at the GNDP on December 16th 2020. As well as this schedule of changes, version 1.6 of the GNLP Strategy itself which includes the changes below is also available on the GNDP web site.

Issue	Policy/Para in v1.6	Reason for change	Revised text (in red) for v1.6
Section 1 Intro		- -	
South Norfolk Villages Plan	Para. 33	To better explain the reasons for the production of the South Norfolk villages plan and to update on its progress	South Norfolk District Council is at an advanced stage with its Village Clusters Housing Allocations Local Plan. The Regulation 18 preferred options consultation is anticipated in Spring 2021. There is an aspiration for every village cluster to have new housing sites allocated, with a focus on smaller sites, and to be in accordance with the overarching GNLP strategy which identifies sites for a minimum of 1,200 additional homes on top of the existing commitment of 1,392 homes. Therefore, it is not one of the objectives of the GNLP to identify the village clusters in South Norfolk and consequential housing allocation sites in these areas.
Section 2 Spat	tial Portrait		
Housing need evidence	Para. 59	To clarify text on general housing and affordable housing needs	Local evidence identifies that 28% of the housing required from 2015 to 2038 should be affordable housing. It also shows that the mix of housing tenures required differs by the type of home as illustrated in the graph below. The highest requirement for general market housing is for three bed homes. Affordable housing needs can be different. The most up to date breakdown of affordable housing need across the three districts will be determined by the individual local authorities when planning applications are being considered.
Policy 1 The S	trategy	·	·
Housing numbers in Broadland Villages	Revision to policy 1		er reference to allocations to provide "up to" 482 new homes llage as the actual number of houses allocated in this area is
Policy 2 Susta	inable Commu	nities	

Modern construction techniques Policy 4 Infrast	Table 8 (Row 2) on technology changes and policy 2 bullet on the same issue	Add references to modern construction techniques	 Table 8 row 2 - The policy also provides the basis for more detailed supplementary planning documents for measures to support new technologies in times of rapid change, including modern construction techniques and the use of electric and possibly hydrogen vehicles. Policy 2 Bullet 2 Make provision for delivery of new and changing technologies (including broadband, fibre optic networks, telecommunications, construction methods and electric vehicles);
Health Care Facilities	Para. 265	To update reference to ongoing work on assessing health care needs.	A full estate strategy is being developed which will impact on the infrastructure requirements from the HIDP included in this plan. Therefore, only currently identified issues are included this strategy. Updated information will be provided in the trust's completed strategy. This will be included in the GNLP.
Policy 5 Home	S		
Affordable Housing Needs	Additional text in para. 270	Amended to reflect the intention to further update evidence on affordable housing need to assist the inspector.	Current evidence shows a higher social rented requirement in the city with a wider range of tenure options suitable in Broadland and South Norfolk. This evidence will be revisited before submission.
Affordable housing requirements	Policy 5 – bullet on affordable housing	To provide greater clarity on affordable housing policy	 Major residential development proposals and purpose-built student accommodation will provide: at least 33% affordable housing on-site across the plan area, except in Norwich City Centre where the requirement is at least 28%, or where a) the site is allocated in a Neighbourhood Plan for a different percentage of affordable housing, or b) for brownfield sites where the applicant can demonstrate that particular circumstances justify the need for a viability assessment at decision-making stage;

Policy 6 – The Economy Updates to take account of recent evidence in the Avison Young Addendum to the Economy, Retail and Town Centres Study

Economic Evidence	Updates to various aspects of the supporting text	To reflect receipt of the Greater Norwich Employment Land addendum commissioned to take account of recent changes in relation to the economy.	Para. 289 Evidence in the Employment, Town Centre and Retail study (GVA 2017) , updated in the Greater Norwich Employment Land addendum: Avison Young : 2020, investigated both "business as usual" and the potential for enhanced economic growth. It demonstrates that committed employment land is more than sufficient in quantity and quality to meet the potential for enhanced growth. The Avison Young addendum forecasts growth of around 33,000 jobs in the period 2020 to 2038. While the plan provides for significantly more employment land than is required for this scale of jobs growth, there are a range of justifying factors:
			 a. Over 280 hectares of our supply is on key strategic sites, with several targeted at particular sectors such as NRP, Hethel and the airport area. These sites are not suitable for reallocation to other uses. b. The remainder is dispersed across the area providing important local opportunities. The evidence focusses on B-class uses (as defined pre-2020) and employment land will also be used for non-B-class employment such as gyms, waste recycling centres, vehicle sales and fuel forecourts; or supporting uses such as cafés and restaurants. c. The scale and range of our employment allocations facilitates choice and flexibility, provides for growth in the longer term and supports more ambitious levels of jobs growth if demand can be stimulated. Para. 291 The policies of this plan seek to grow the local economy in a sustainable way to support jobs and inclusive economic growth in both urban and rural locations. This will: provide jobs and services for a rising population and develop Greater Norwich's role as an engine of the regional economy; facilitate enhanced growth potential with a target of at least 33,000 additional jobs in the period 2020-2038; New para. 292 Policy 2 promotes the provision of enhanced broadband throughout the area and this will support businesses directly and support home working. Implementation of the policy will also see employment development contribute to the green infrastructure network as appropriate.

Policy 6	Correction of site size To provide further detail on the role of the Food Enterprise Park site To provide clarification on the policy requirement	Para. 294Although the Employment Town Centre and Retail study (GVA 2017) and the Avison Young 2020 addendum conclude that Greater Norwich has enough employment land overall, most of this is out-of-centre and is neither the preferred location for some growth sectors nor the most sustainable place for high intensity employment / office growth.Additional sentence at the end of para. 295 Extensions to other small sites will also be considered where this can be justified, for example where the site is well located to serve local needs and has insufficient capacity to serve ongoing demand.Additions to para. 296 Retailing and town centres are currently in a state of flux. Covid-19 has strengthened the growth of internet shopping. This uncertainty reinforces the need to protect and promote town centres to allow them to recover and evolve. There is some evidence that the Covid- 19 epidemic has encouraged people to shop locally and boosted the opportunities for smaller businesses and in market towns, and smaller centres.New para. 298 Retail, offices and some leisure uses are currently the same use-class and this helps provide flexibility within town centres. However, large scale out of centre office, retail or leisure development will have very different implications, for example for traffic generation, and it will be important to ensure through conditions that the development that takes place is consistent with the evidence provided with the planning application.•a site of around 35h at the A140/Broadland Northway junction and focussed on uses benefiting from an airport locationThe development of new retailing, leisure, offices and other main town centre uses will be subject to the sequential approach and out-of-centre impact assessment, as defined
	the policy	approach and out-of-centre impact assessment, as defined

Fast Namelak	Davia 222	Tananasida	Devised 222. It has the network of the land terms to success a
East Norwich masterplan	Paras. 332- 3	To provide greater clarity on the progress of the East Norwich masterplan	Part of 332. It has the potential in the long-term to create a new sustainable urban quarter for Norwich, to act as a catalyst for additional regeneration in neighbouring urban areas and to contribute significantly to growth of the Greater Norwich economy.
			333. To ensure growth is co-ordinated, overcomes local constraints and is well-designed in a sensitive location in and adjacent to the Broads Authority area, the policy requires regeneration to be guided by an area-wide masterplan supplementary planning document. The masterplan will be produced by consultants, with procurement being well advanced. Funding is being provided from the site landowners and other partners in the East Norwich Partnership (a new public sector led partnership led by the city council) including Homes England and Network Rail. Significant additional funding has recently been secured from the Towns Fund to progress the masterplan and acquire land in order to maximise the chances of successful delivery. It is expected that the masterplan's findings will inform implementation of this strategy and ensure that possible blockages to delivery can be overcome.
Small scale windfall housing development	Policy 7.5	Clarification of policy requirement	Small scale residential development will be permitted adjacent to a development boundary or on sites within or adjacent to a recognisable group of dwellings
Appendix 1 Int	frastructure	I	
Broadband	Update appe	ndix	Broadband section: aim to make high-speed broadband available to more than 95% of Norfolk's premises, with further work planned.
Health Care Facilities			 Primary Care: There are currently 2 potential options to increase capacity as required around the north and north-west of Norwich: New build at Broadland Hub within or close to planned developments at Rackheath and Beeston Park. No new build, increased numbers spread amongst existing practices. The selected option(s) will be confirmed throughout 2021-22, following demand and capacity reviews and Primary Care estate strategy development.

			Hospitals:
			There is one acute hospital, the Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (NNUH). Other services are delivered from several other locations throughout the Greater Norwich area.
			The NHS Long Term Plan and the STP Operating Plan will identify and address building capacity and infrastructure investment requirements, various facilities all other constraints faced by the STP/ICS.
			The NNUH estates strategy will be updated throughout 2021, in line with STP/ICS plans
			Community Care:
			 These are provided by Norfolk Community Health and Care NHS Trust at community hospital sites and health centres across the Greater Norwich area and include: Inpatient specialist rehabilitation services; Clinic services for outpatients; Community nursing in patients' homes.
			The NHS Long Term Plan and the STP Operating Plan will identify and address building capacity, infrastructure investment requirements, various facilities and all other constraints faced by the STP/ICS.
			In line with the shift to care in the community, the community health trust is expected to shift services to wrap around primary care networks. The Community Trust estate strategy will be refreshed throughout 2021, in line with STP/ICS plans.
Appendix 2 Glo	ossary		
Building for a Healthy Life	Update reference in glossary	To update reference to revised national guidance	Building for a Healthy Life A government-endorsed industry standard for well- designed homes and neighbourhoods. Local communities, local authorities and developers are encouraged to use it to guide discussions about creating good places to live. The National Planning Policy Framework encourages its use in local plans.
Clean Growth		To update to clarify the definition and to reference the national and regional	Clean Growth Clean growth means growing our income while cutting greenhouse gas emissions. It is promoted nationally by the government's Clean Growth Strategy and locally in the emerging Local Industrial Strategy.

strategies on clean growth.	

	Greater Norwich Development Partnership (GNDP)
Report title	Greater Norwich Local Plan Regulation 19 Stage – Publication of the Pre-submission Draft Sites document for representations on soundness and legal compliance
Date	16 th December 2020
<u>Recommendation</u>	on
That the Board:	
P	ecommends to the councils that they should agree to publish the Regulation 19 re-submission Draft Greater Norwich Local Plan Sites document linked from this eport for representations on soundness and legal compliance;
• [elegates authority to directors to make changes agreed today, plus other minor

• Delegates authority to directors to make changes agreed today, plus other minor changes to the document and its background evidence, prior to it being reported to councils in January.

Introduction

- 1. This report covers the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) Sites document.
- The GNDP agreed on December 7th to recommend to the Greater Norwich councils that the other part of the GNLP, the Strategy, should be published between 1st February and March 15th for representations on its soundness and legal compliance.
- 3. The representations made will assist members in deciding whether to submit the GNLP for examination in summer this year and the government appointed Planning Inspector to decide on the content of the examination.
- 4. The recommendations for this report request that the councils also publish the Sites document for representations on its soundness and legal compliance and delegate authority to directors to make any changes to the Sites document which are agreed today, along with any further minor changes required.
- 5. As the Sites document and its supporting evidence are too large to append to this report, the documents are available on the GNDP web site <u>here</u>.

The Sites document

- 6. The Sites document contains allocations for the sites to deliver the GNLP Strategy, including undeveloped allocations carried forward from the Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk Local Plans. The Sites document does not replace existing allocations in adopted Area Action Plans for Long Stratton, Wymondham and the Growth Triangle (NEGT) or Neighbourhood Plans, though in some cases additional allocations are made through the document in these areas.
- 7. The document identifies and allocates strategic housing and mixed-use sites as well as strategic sites for employment. Other allocations provide housing sites and sites for other uses (including employment, recreation, open space and community uses) to meet the strategic needs set out in the GNLP Strategy, without being strategic in themselves.
- 8. The document is divided into settlement chapters organised according to the settlement hierarchy by:
 - Norwich and the fringe parishes;
 - Main towns;
 - Key service centres;
 - Broadland village clusters;
 - Non-residential allocations in South Norfolk.
- 9. Maps and site policies are included for all of the allocated sites.
- 10. The policies cover site-specific requirements to address constraints and to make the best of local opportunities. Depending on the site size and location, this includes a range of issues such as access, infrastructure (including green infrastructure), local facilities, environmental protection and enhancement, design, master planning and landscaping.
- 11. The document does not contain any residential sites in smaller South Norfolk villages as South Norfolk Council are preparing a separate village clusters plan covering new and carried forward sites for housing in their village clusters. The GNLP has considered non-residential sites in South Norfolk villages.
- 12. A contingency site for 800 homes at Costessey is carried forward from the Regulation 18C draft plan and is included in the Sites document. The contingency policy identifies a "trigger" measure which will allow the site to become an allocation if it is required to ensure that housing needs are met through the plan.
- 13. The plan allows for a limited amount of retailing at the Norfolk Showground to support its viability.

14. As this is a strategic plan sites of less than 0.5 hectares and those proposed as settlement boundary extensions have not been included.

Supporting evidence

15. The Sites document is accompanied by supporting evidence as follows:

- Summaries of consultation comments with the draft GNLP responses and proposed changes to the plan (grouped by settlement hierarchy);
- Example site assessment booklets for Acle, Aylsham, Horsham St Faith and Sprowston. These set out the site selection process by settlement. The remainder of the site assessment booklets will be ready later in December to send out with the Cabinet Papers.
- Tables of allocated sites with reasons for allocation and tables of unallocated sites with reasons for rejection (grouped by settlement hierarchy). These tables will form the appendix referred to at the end of the site assessment booklet examples.

Conclusion

16. The Sites document complements and supports the GNLP Strategy. In providing site allocations to promote the right type of development in the right places, it will allow the GNLP to support economic recovery and sustainable growth.

CABINET CORE AGENDA 2021

Date	Key	Title of Report	Responsible Officer	Portfolio Holder	Exempt
11 Jan	Y	Greater Norwich Local Plan Regulation 19 Pre-Submission Publication of Plan	Mike Burrell/ Paul Harris	John Fuller	N
	Y	Contract for Wheeled Bins	Simon Phelan	Michael Edney	Y
8 Feb	N	Revenue Budget 21/22, Capital Budget 21/22, Treasury Management Strategy 21/22	Rodney Fincham	Josh Worley	N
	Y	Council Tax Support Scheme 2021/2022	Richard Dunsire/ Louise Tiernan	Josh Worley	N
	Y	Greater Norwich 5-Year Infrastructure Investment Plan and Annual Growth Programme 2021/22	Paul Harris	John Fuller	N
	Y	Norfolk Strategic Fund	Tig Armstrong	John Fuller	Y
	К	Zone 4 Building Lease	Spencer Burrell/ Tig Armstrong	Lisa Neal	Y
	N	Leisure Pricing Review	Simon Phelan	Alison Thomas	Y
	Y	Contract for the IT Infrastructure to Support the One Network	Debbie Lorimer	Josh Worley	Y
	Y	Poringland Neighbourhood Plan	Richard Squires	Lisa Neal	Ν

Council Meeting 24 February 2020

15 Mar	Ν	Q3 Strategic Performance/Finance and Risks	Mel Wiles/ Sinead Carey	Josh Worley	N
	K	Review of Bawburgh Temporary Stopping Place for Gypsies and Travellers	Kevin Philcox/ Leigh Booth	Yvonne Bendle	N
	N	Procurement Options	Rodney Fincham	Josh Worley	Ν
	Ν	Eligibility for Affordable Home Ownership	Keith Mittchell/ K Oglieve-Chan	Yvonne Bendle	N
19 Apr	Ν	Norfolk Strategic Planning Framework Update 2021	Paul Harris	John Fuller	N

Council AGM 17 May 2020

Key decisions are those which result in income, expenditure or savings with a gross full year effect of $\pounds 100,000$ or 10% of the Council's net portfolio budget whichever is the greater which has not been included in the relevant portfolio budget, or are significant (e.g. in environmental, physical, social or economic) in terms of its effect on the communities living or working in an area comprising two or more electoral wards in the area of the local authority.