

Place Shaping Panel

Agenda

Date

Monday 10 August 2020

Members of the Place Shaping Panel

Cllr L H Hempsall (Chairman)

Cllr N J Brennan Cllr S M Clancy Cllr N J Harpley Cllr J A Neesam

Conservative Substitutes

Cllr A D Crotch Cllr J F Fisher Cllr R R Foulger Cllr R M Grattan Cllr D King Cllr G F Peck Cllr C E Ryman-Tubb Cllr S Lawn (Vice Chairman)

Cllr G K Nurden Cllr L A Starling Cllr J L Thomas Cllr J M Ward

Liberal Democrat Substitutes

Cllr S Riley Cllr D M Thomas

Labour Substitute Cllr B Cook

Time

6.00pm

Place

Virtual meeting

Contact

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Broadland District Council Thorpe Lodge 1 Yarmouth Road Thorpe St Andrew Norwich NR7 0DU



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@BDCDemServices

If any Member wishes to clarify details relating to any matter on the agenda they are requested to contact the relevant Director / Assistant Director.

Public Attendance

This meeting will be live streamed for public viewing via the following link: <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCZciRgwo84-iPyRImsTCIng</u>.

If a member of the public would like to attend to ask a question, or make a statement on an agenda item, please email your request to <u>committee.services@broadland.gov.uk</u> no later than 5.00pm on 5 August 2020.

AGENDA

8 (
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2 Apologies for absence

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4	Matters arising therefrom (if any)	
5	Update to Local Development Scheme	9

Trevor Holden Managing Director

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST AT MEETINGS

When declaring an interest at a meeting Members are asked to indicate whether their interest in the matter is pecuniary, or if the matter relates to, or affects a pecuniary interest they have, or if it is another type of interest. Members are required to identify the nature of the interest and the agenda item to which it relates. In the case of other interests, the member may speak and vote. If it is a pecuniary interest, the member must withdraw from the meeting when it is discussed. If it affects or relates to a pecuniary interest the member has, they have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public but must then withdraw from the meeting. Members are also requested when appropriate to make any declarations under the Code of Practice on Planning and Judicial matters.

Have you declared the interest in the register of interests as a pecuniary interest? If Yes, you will need to withdraw from the room when it is discussed.

Does the interest directly:

- 1. Affect yours, or your spouse / partner's financial position?
- 2. Relate to the determining of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration in relation to you or your spouse / partner?
- 3. Relate to a contract you, or your spouse / partner have with the Council
- 4. Affect land you or your spouse / partner own
- 5. Affect a company that you or your partner own, or have a shareholding in

If the answer is "yes" to any of the above, it is likely to be pecuniary.

Please refer to the guidance given on declaring pecuniary interests in the register of interest forms. If you have a pecuniary interest, you will need to inform the meeting and then withdraw from the room when it is discussed. If it has not been previously declared, you will also need to notify the Monitoring Officer within 28 days.

Does the interest indirectly affect or relate any pecuniary interest you have already declared, or an interest you have identified at 1-5 above?

If yes, you need to inform the meeting. When it is discussed, you will have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public, but must then withdraw from the meeting.

Is the interest not related to any of the above? If so, it is likely to be another interest. You will need to declare the interest, but may participate in discussion and voting on the item.

Have you made any statements or undertaken any actions that would indicate that you have a closed mind on a matter under discussion? If so, you may be predetermined on the issue; you will need to inform the meeting, and when it is discussed, you will have the right to make representations to the meeting as a member of the public, but must then withdraw from the meeting.

FOR GUIDANCE REFER TO THE FLOWCHART OVERLEAF

PLEASE REFER ANY QUERIES TO THE MONITORING OFFICER IN THE FIRST INSTANCE

DECLARING INTERESTS FLOWCHART – QUESTIONS TO ASK YOURSELF



Minutes of a meeting of the **Place Shaping Panel** held at Thorpe Lodge, 1 Yarmouth Road, Thorpe St Andrew, Norwich on **Monday 6 January 2020** at **6.00pm** when there were present:

	Mrs L H Hempsall – C	hairman
Mr N J Brennan	Mr G K Nurden	Mr D M Thomas
Mr S M Clancy	Mrs L A Starling	Mr J M Ward

Mrs J Copplestone, Mrs J Leggett, Mr M Murrell, Mr D Roper, Mrs K Vincent and Mr S Vincent also attended the meeting for its duration.

Also in attendance were the Director of Place, Assistant Director Planning, Spatial Planning Manager and Committee Officer (JO).

11 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Miss Lawn, Ms Neesam and Miss Thomas.

12 MINUTES

The Minutes of the meeting held on 4 November 2019 were confirmed as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

13 DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT CHARGING FOR PRE-APPLICATION ADVICE

The report proposed the introduction of a range of charges for pre-application planning advice, which was a non-statutory service that the Council currently provided for free.

The Feasibility Study had identified that the pre-application service was an area that had the potential to generate income as Broadland was one of the only planning authorities in Norfolk that did not charge for pre-application advice.

Engagement with customers particularly agents had confirmed that they value the benefits of pre-application advice and it was proposed that initial highlevel advice and permitted development advice would still be available to customers free of charge, both on the phone and in person in the office. However, charges could be made for providing a more comprehensive response that involved further research or input from a range of officers. The key benefit of a more in-depth service would be to speed up the planning application process for the customer by ensuring that the correct information was provided from the beginning and any officer concerns were addressed before the application was submitted. It would also be an opportunity to recover some of the Council's costs and could generate additional revenue of £280,627 phased over four years.

The proposed charges would begin at £60 for Householder enquiries and go up to £3,800 for developments of 200 dwellings or more. It was considered that these were reasonable and offered good value to customers.

The Chairman noted that applicants would still be able to use the Planning Portal for free, which remained an excellent resource for planning advice.

In response to a query, it was confirmed that charging for pre-application advice would not place additional pressures on planning officers, as they were already doing much of this work. Introducing charging would simply allow the Council to recover some of its costs for this service.

Members were also advised that customers were accustomed to paying for pre-application advice at South Norfolk Council and there was a lot of commonality between that service and the one provided at Broadland.

The Committee was informed that if adopted, the service would be monitored and could be reviewed in 12 months, if required.

It was also confirmed that charging for the service would not affect the 20 percent increase in planning fees that was adopted by the Council in 2018, to enhance planning delivery.

RECOMMENDED TO CABINET

To introduce charging for pre-application advice, as outlined in the report, from 1 April 2020.

Cllr Nurden left the meeting at 6.55pm

14 GREATER NORWICH LOCAL PLAN REGULATION 18 CONSULTATION

The report proposed that the draft Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) go out for consultation from 29 January to 16 March 2020. In addition, the approval of a Communications Plan for the consultation was sought, as well as a revised timetable for the production of the Local Plan and consequential amendments to the Local Development Scheme.

The consultation draft GNLP was made up of two documents: the GNLP Strategy document, which contained the planning strategy for growth in Greater Norwich from 2018 to 2038 and the GNLP sites document, which

contained the policies for the sites that were proposed to be allocated for development to help deliver the GNLP.

The consultation would be part of the informal 'Regulation 18' stage of evidence gathering for the production of the Local Plan, so would be subject to change as a consequence of representations received.

The draft GNLP Strategy was made up of the following seven policies:

Policy 1 The Growth Strategy – outlined the broad strategic approach to growth and housing.

Policy 2 Sustainable Communities – detailed 10 strategic issues which all developments must be designed to address to be sustainable

Policy 3 Environmental Protection and Enhancement – addressed the requirements for conserving and enhancing the natural and built environment and heritage.

Policy 4 Strategic Infrastructure – identified how growth in Greater Norwich would be supported and delivered through necessary infrastructure improvements.

Policy 5 Homes – provided detail on how new homes must address different housing needs including affordable homes, homes for older people, and student accommodation.

Policy 6 The Economy (including retail) – set out details of the main strategic employment areas, the key business sectors, and additional jobs needed up to 2038.

Policy 7 Strategy for the Areas of Growth – specified where new housing growth would be distributed, and any specific policies linked to each location.

When completed the GNLP would become part of the Development Plan, and would replace the current Joint Core Strategy and Site Allocations plans.

Members were advised that residential allocations for 'Village Clusters in South Norfolk were not included in the GNLP but would be addressed through a separate local plan, specifically for these, which will be produced in tandem with the GNLP.

In response to a query, it was confirmed that although there was a proposed policy that would allow small scale windfall market housing outside the development boundary it would be for no more than a total of three dwellings within each parish during the lifetime of the Plan.

Members were advised that a GNLP briefing for parish and town councils was being held on 22 January 2020, which should hopefully dispel any misunderstandings about the Plan.

In response to a question about the enforceability of affordable housing the Committee was advised that a key issue with this was viability.

Whilst, thirty three percent affordable housing remained an aspiration of the Council it was recognised that developers could encounter problems, such as contaminated land, which could increase costs significantly and threaten the viability of the development if the affordable housing requirement was not reduced.

Similarly, circumstances could also cause development to stall if land was held by an agent and not the final developer

The Panel were advised that the Greater Norwich Development Partnership had considered the draft GNLP earlier today and had recommended that it be approved for consultation, subject to some factual corrections.

RECOMMENDED TO CABINET

To approve

- 1. the proposed contents of the draft GNLP for public consultation with finalisation of the draft including any minor factual or typographical changes delegated to the Director of Place in consultation with the Planning Portfolio Holder;
- 2. the proposed engagement process for the consultation;
- 3. the revised timetable for the production of the Local Plan and consequent amendments to the Council's local development scheme. as set out in the GNDP reports.

The meeting closed at 7.49pm.



Agenda Item: 5 Cabinet 25 August 2020

UPDATE TO LOCAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

Report Author:

Paul Harris Place Shaping Manager 01603 430444 paul.harris@broadland.gov.uk

Portfolio:

Planning

Wards Affected: All

Purpose of the Report:

To amend the Local Development Scheme to reflect changes to the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) timetable and amendments to the GNLP document profile to reflect the production of a separate South Norfolk Village Clusters Housing Allocations Document.

Recommendations:

1. It is recommended that Cabinet recommends Council to approve the proposed amendments to the current, May 2019, Local Development Scheme.

1 SUMMARY

- 1.1 The Local Development Scheme (LDS) sets out the timetable for preparing new local plans and summarises what they are to contain. This report sets out amendments to the current May 2019 Local Development Scheme (LDS) regarding:
 - the emerging Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) timetable, following the recent Regulation 18 Consultation;
- 1.2 In addition, the document profile for the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) is amended to reflect that allocations of land for housing in the South Norfolk Village Clusters will now be made through a separate "South Norfolk Village Clusters Housing Allocations document".
- 1.3 The GNLP is expected to be adopted in late 2022 and the South Norfolk Village Clusters Housing Allocations document in late 2022 or early 2023.

2 BACKGROUND

2.1 It is a legislative requirement for the Council to publish a Local Development Scheme and to keep this up to date under section 15 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, as amended by the Localism Act. The last update to the LDS (May 2019) was agreed by Council in July 2019. This can be viewed at: <u>https://www.broadland.gov.uk/downloads/download/61/local_development_schem</u> <u>e_lds</u>

3 CURRENT POSITION

3.1 As part of the work on the emerging Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) it has become evident that amendments are needed to the timetable for its production and consequently the LDS. These amendments are as a result of the need to: ensure full consideration is given to the issues raised through the draft plan consultation; produce additional or update evidence; and, undertake a further focused consultation, which is timetabled for November-December 2020. The LDS (Appendix A) has been updated in accordance with the new timeline. The new timetable sees the document adopted in November/December 2022.

4 PROPOSED ACTION

4.1 To ensure that the latest situation on the proposed GNLP is properly reflected in the LDS, it is recommended that the document be updated in accordance with the new timetable.

5 OTHER OPTIONS

5.1 The alternative is to not make the above amendments, which would mean that the LDS is not up to date which would not be compliant with the Localism Act, with implications for the soundness and legal compliance of the Local Plan documents.

6 ISSUES AND RISKS

- 6.1 **Resource Implications** Production and publication of the revised LDS is within the normal Place Making Team resources. The work on the GNLP is resourced under the arrangements for the Greater Norwich Development Partnership. South Norfolk Council has made a dedicated budget available for the Village Clusters document for 2020/21 and 2021/22.
- 6.2 **Legal Implications** Not having an up-to-date LDS would conflict with the Localism Act (2011) and result in emerging Local Plan documents not being 'sound' and legally compliant.
- 6.3 **Equality Implications** In terms of the Equalities Act 2010 requirements, the LDS is not a policy, but is the document that sets out the timetable for the production of Development Plan Documents, in accordance with the legal requirements. As such, it does not itself impact on equalities. The timetable allows sufficient time for community engagement, as required under the Council's Statement of Community Involvement (SCI). The Development Plan Documents will themselves be subject to equalities impact assessment.
- 6.4 Environmental Impact None.
- 6.5 **Crime and Disorder** None.
- 6.6 **Risks** None.

7 CONCLUSION

7.1 During the process of preparing the Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) it has become evident that amendments are needed to the timetable for its production and consequently the LDS.

8 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

8.1 It is recommended that Cabinet recommends to Council that it approves the proposed amendments to the current Local Development Scheme (LDS).

Background Papers

None.

Broadland District Council

Local Development Scheme 2018 – 2022

July 2020

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Introduction

Under the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 the development plan will constitute of a range of documents called Development Plan Documents or 'Local Plans'. The 'Local Development Scheme' (LDS) has to be prepared by each local planning authority to outline its programme for production of the new Local Plan documents.

The Development Plan Documents (DPD), that are the subject of this Local Development Scheme are:

• Greater Norwich Local Plan

The Broadland Local Development Scheme does not include the Broads Area even though this is within Broadland District, as the Broads Authority is a local planning authority in its own right and produces a Local Development Scheme for its area.

Localism Act (2011)

The Localism Act 2011 requires planning authorities to prepare and maintain a Local Development Scheme. The scheme must specify:

- The documents which are development plan documents;
- The subject matter and geographical area to which each development plan documents to relate;
- Which development plan documents (if any) are to be prepared jointly with one or more other local planning authorities;
- Any matter or area in respect of which the authority have agreed (or propose to agree) to the constitution of a joint committee under section 29;
- The timetable for the preparation and revision of development plan documents;
- Such other matters as are prescribed.

It is no longer required to submit the scheme to the Secretary of State.

Greater Norwich Development Partnership

The Greater Norwich Development Partnership (GNDP) brought together Broadland District Council, Norwich City Council, South Norfolk District Council and Norfolk County Council. The partnership oversaw the production of a Joint Core Strategy for the Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk local planning authority area. This is currently the overarching strategic spatial planning document for the three local planning authorities.

Adopted Development Plan Documents (Local Plans)

The Joint Core Strategy for Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk was adopted in March 2011. However, following a legal challenge part of the text was "remitted" by the court. This meant that part of the process for producing the strategy had to be repeated for this element. This has been undertaken and the remitted element was adopted on 10 January 2014.

Other adopted Development Plan Documents (Local Plans) are: Development Management Policies DPD adopted August 2015; Site Allocations DPD adopted May 2016 and Old Catton, Sprowston, Rackheath and Thorpe St Andrew Growth Triangle Area Action Plan DPD adopted July 2016.

Local Development Documents

There are two types of documents known as **Local Development Documents** (LDDs). These are: **Development Plan Documents** (DPDs) which are required and **Supplementary Planning Documents** (SPDs) which are optional.

Development Plan Documents (DPDs), will be the most important documents as they will form part of the statutory Development Plan. When the document is adopted it will be part of the Development Plan and will therefore carry considerable weight in the determination of planning applications. Under section 38(6) of the Act, "If regard is to be had to the development plan for the purpose of any determination to be made under the Planning Acts the determination must be made in accordance with the plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise". DPDs are commonly referred as Local Plans.

In addition to the DPDs / Local Plans referred to in this document, other development plan documents produced by Norfolk County Council (on minerals and waste planning) and the Broads Authority (for the Broads Area) are also relevant to Broadland.

Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD's) are not policy documents in themselves, but are to support or 'supplement' the policies in the Development Plan Documents. The SPD's will be produced as and when necessary, and are not set out in this document.

Proposed Development Plan Documents

Greater Norwich Local Plan - The proposed Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP) will be produced by the three districts of Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk, excluding those parts that are within the Broads Authority Executive Area. It will provide the strategy for future development of the Greater Norwich area, and identify specific areas for development, for the period up to 2038.

Policies Map (previously known as the Proposals Map) - The Policies Map will not form a separate document but will be part of the Development Plan. The Policies Map illustrates the policies that apply spatially, showing these on an Ordnance Survey base map. This will be updated as the DPDs are produced.

Other documents related to the DPD's:

Annual Monitoring Report (AMR): includes a summary of progress on the targets set out in the Local Plans.

Statement of Community Involvement (SCI): sets out the Council's approach to involving the community in the preparation of all local development documents and also planning applications.

Sustainability Appraisal (SA) Reports: a systematic process undertaken during the preparation of a plan or strategy, as required by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (S19(5)). There is also a requirement for Development Plan Documents to undergo a Strategic Environmental Assessment, (known as SEA) under European Directive 2001/42/EC (transposed into UK legislation by the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004). It is intended that the Sustainability Appraisal incorporates the SEA in accordance with the Act and Regulations. This means that in addition to Environmental issues, on which an SEA focuses, Social and Economic matters will also be addressed as part of the overall assessment of sustainability, within a single joint appraisal.

Equality Impact Assessment (EIA): the purpose of EIA is to improve the work of the Council by making sure that it does not discriminate and that, where possible, promotes equality. The relevant legislation is the Equalities Act 2010 which places obligations on local authorities and public sector organisations to consider equality issues in decision making.

EIA is a way of making sure the Council thinks carefully about the likely impact of its work on equality target groups. It involves anticipating the consequences of policies, strategies, projects or procurements on the target groups and making sure that, as far as possible, any negative consequences are eliminated or minimised and opportunities for promoting equality are maximised.

Neighbourhood Plans: documents that will set out policies relating to the use of land within a neighbourhood. In Broadland's communities, the development of these plans will be led by the appropriate Parish or Town Council, with support from Broadland District Council. The process will involve extensive consultation with residents, an independent examination of the submitted plan, followed by a local referendum. Assuming the plan passes the examination and referendum, it will then become adopted as part of the development plan for the district. Information on the made Neighbourhood Plans and the new ones that have been proposed, can be found on the Council's website http://www.broadland.gov.uk. These are not included in the Local Development Scheme.

Evidence Base

The Development Plan Documents are based on a range of studies and other evidence, utilising existing evidence or through revisions of this. Particular elements are the Strategic Housing Market Assessment most recently published in 2017, and the Housing and Employment Land Availability Assessment (HELAA) 2017/18. Regard is also had to other relevant documents such as strategies and policy documents, produced by the Council or other appropriate bodies.

Proposed Timetable 2018 – 2022

Broadland Local Development Scheme Timetable - July 2020

	2019										2020													
	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D	J	F	Μ	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D
Greater Norwich Local Plan													С	С	С								С	С
Policies Map - Update																								

	2021											2022												
	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D	J	F	Μ	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D
Greater Norwich Local Plan								Ρ	Ρ	S	S												Α	Α
Policies Map - Update																								Α

Кеу

C Regulation 18 (or equivalent for SPD) Consultation

P Pre-Submission Publication of Plan (Regulation 19)

S Submission to Secretary of State for Independent Examination (Regulation 22)

A Adoption of Plan

NB: Work on the GNLP commenced in 2015, and is currently at the Regulation 18 stage of evidence gathering and document preparation. The regulation 18 has so far included a "call for sites" (an invitation to put forward specific development sites for inclusion in the GNLP) May - July 2016; production of evidence studies; Regulation 18 consultation on issues and options and site proposals held January - March 2018; Regulation 18 stage consultations on New, Revised and Small Sites October – December 2018; and, Regulation 18 consultation on Draft Plan January –March 2020. A further Regulation 18 focused consultation is now planned for November-December 2020. The detailed timetables for this work can be seen at https://www.greaternorwichgrowth.org.uk/planning/greater-norwich-local-plan/.

Overview

This section contains a "profile" of each document to be produced describing the content, explaining how each document conforms with higher order documents, the geographical area it covers, whether it will be a joint document and who will be involved, the set timetable for the production of each document, the department which will lead on production and how each document will be reviewed.

Development Plan Documents (DPDs)

1. Greater Norwich Local Plan

Figure 1 Broadland District



Greater Norwich Local Plan (GNLP)

DOCUMENT DETAILS	
What is the Purpose of the Document?	To provide the strategic vision, objectives and strategy for the future development of the Greater Norwich area and to identify specific issues for development for the period up to 2038.
	The areas to which the GNLP policies apply will be shown on the Policies Map.
	The GNLP provides the strategic context for the preparation of lower level documents prepared by the three constituent district planning authorities.
	The allocation of sites for housing development within the South Norfolk Village Cluster area, as defined by emerging GNLP, will be dealt with by a separate document prepared by South Norfolk Council.
What geographical area does the document cover?	The three districts of Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk, excluding the parts of those districts that are within the Broads Authority Executive Area.
What is its status?	Development Plan Document or Local Plan
Will the document require a joint approach with other authorities? If so, with whom?	The plan will be prepared jointly by Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk working with Norfolk County Council.
What documents must it conform to?	General conformity with National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and Policy Statements.
TIMETABLE	See Proposed Timetable
ARRANGEMENTS FOR P	RODUCTION AND REVIEW
Which department will lead the process?	Place Shaping Team
How will stakeholders and the community be involved?	The Council will involve stakeholders and local communities as set out in the Statement of Community Involvement.
How will the document be reviewed?	The document will be monitored and reviewed as part of the Annual Monitoring Report process.

	In accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Local Plans should be reviewed at least every 5 years. Such a review will need to determine whether there have been any significant matters that have arisen, for example to national policy or needs for development, that mean that modifications should be made to the Local Plan or a new replacement Local Plan produced. Consequently, it is proposed to timetable regular reviews of the Greater Norwich Local Plan, so that any identified need for modifications can be addressed in a timely manner. The timetable for the first Greater Norwich Local Plan is for submission to the Secretary of State in October-November 2021 leading to the adoption in October-November 2022, some 7 years since work commenced on its production. On the basis of the current timetable, it will be necessary to review the plan to determine whether it needs updating in late 2027, although a formal review of the plan may be begun before this date if appropriate.
What is the relationship with other Local Plans?	In Broadland the GNLP will supersede (i) the Joint Core Strategy (JCS) for Broadland, Norwich and South Norfolk (adopted March 2011, amendments adopted January 2014), (ii) the Broadland Site Allocations DPD It will be a component of the overall Broadland Development Plan, in conjunction with the Growth Triangle Area Action Plan, Development Management DPD and any made Neighbourhood Plans.

Monitoring

The Annual Monitoring Report (AMR) is the means of bringing forward a range of planning information to show performance of the plans and policies over the previous year. The aims of the (AMR) can be summarised as:

- To monitor the implementation of the local development scheme;
- To measure development performance against individual plan targets;
- To provide a commentary on the development performance and suggest any external factors which need to be taken into account, as being likely to affect the plan's targets in future.

It is intended that monitoring should be done jointly across the three authorities to measure performance of the current Joint Core Strategy across the Greater Norwich area, as well as individually for Broadland.

This Local Development Scheme (LDS) will need to be reviewed at regular intervals. The LDS will in particular need to be considered for review after the Annual Monitoring Report has been prepared each year in order to take account of any matters which it identifies as needing review.

In accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, the adopted Development Management Policies DPD will be due for review by summer 2020 and the Growth Triangle Area Action Plan in Summer 2021.

Glossary of Terms

Abbreviation/ Document	Explanation
AMR	Annual Monitoring Report: part of the local development framework. Local authorities are required to produce an AMR each December with a base date of the previous financial year monitoring the progress of the implementation of the local development scheme and the extent to which policies in local development framework are being implemented.
ΑΑΡ	Area Action Plan: a planning framework for area of major change or conservation similar to masterplan.
CS or (JCS)	Core Strategy / (Joint): sets out the long term spatial vision for the area. A development plan document, and one with which all other development plan documents must conform.
Development Plan Document (DPD)	Development Plan Documents contained within the local development framework. According to Section 38 (6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, planning applications should be determined in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. In order to acquire this status they will be subject to independent scrutiny through a public examination. Certain documents within the local development framework must be DPDs, for example Core Strategy, Site Specific Allocations of land and Area Action Plans where produced. There must also be an adopted Policies Map which will be varied as successive DPDs are adopted.
LDD	Local Development Document: the collective term for development plan documents, supplementary planning documents and statements of community involvement.
LDF	Local Development Framework: the portfolio of local development documents consisting of DPDs, SPDs, SCI, LDS and AMR. This is now referred to as the Local Plan as defined in the NPPF.
LDS	Local Development Scheme: the programme for the preparation of local development documents.
Local Plan	Another name for a Development Plan Document and commonly used to refer to the DPDs as a whole.
NPPF	The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) published in July 2018, sets out the Government's planning policies and requirements for the English Planning System. The NPPF must be taken into account in the preparation of local and neighbourhood plans and is a material consideration in planning decisions.
Policies (Proposals) Map	The adopted policies map as defined by the NPPF (previously termed the proposals map) illustrates all the policies contained in

	development plan documents and any saved policies. It will need to be revised as each new development plan document, which has a spatial content, is adopted. As development plan documents are submitted, they will include within them a submissions policies map showing the changes which would be required upon adoption of the document.
Site Allocations	Allocations of sites for specific or mixed uses for development, i.e. Housing, Employment, Open Space, Mix uses, etc.
SCI	Statement of Community Involvement: sets out the standards which authorities will achieve with regard to involving local communities in the preparation of local development documents and development control decisions.
SA	Sustainability Appraisal: appraises policies to ensure they reflect sustainable development objectives (social, environmental and economic factors). Required by the Act to be undertaken for all DPDs.
SEA	Strategic Environmental Assessment: the term used to describe environmental assessment applied to policies, plans and programmes. In compliance with European SEA directive, a formal environmental assessment of land use planning proposals and plans is required. In practise SA and SEA are often combined.
SPD	Supplementary Planning Documents: provide supplementary information elaborating on policies in DPDs. Forming part of the Local Development Framework (LDF) not subject to independent examination and do not form part of the development plan. No longer require Sustainability Appraisal.